

CUSTOMER CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS
Consolidated Facilities Operations and Maintenance (CFOAM)-Bridge Proprietary Program
CUSTOMER CONTRACT 19-C-0040

CUSTOMER CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

The following customer contract requirements apply to this contract to the extent indicated below. If this contract is for the procurement of commercial items under a Government prime contract, as defined in FAR Part 2.101, see Section 3 below.

1. FAR Clauses The following contract clauses are incorporated by reference from the Federal Acquisition Regulation and apply to the extent indicated. In all of the following clauses, "Contractor" and "Offeror" mean Seller.

52.203-6 Restrictions on Subcontractor Sales to the Government (SEP 2006). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds (i) \$100,000 if included in Buyer's customer RFP or customer contract issued before October 1, 2010 or (ii) \$150,000 if included in Buyer's customer RFP issued on or after October 1, 2010, or if the prime contract was issued prior to October 1, 2010 but was amended after October 1, 2010 to increase the Simplified Acquisition Threshold.

52.203-7 Anti-Kickback Procedures (MAY 2014). Buyer may withhold from sums owed Seller the amount of any kickback paid by Seller or its subcontractors at any tier if (a) the Contracting Officer so directs, or (b) the Contracting Officer has offset the amount of such kickback against money owed Buyer under the prime contract. This clause, excluding subparagraph (c)(1), applies only if this contract exceeds \$150,000.

52.203-8 Cancellation, Rescission, and Recovery of Funds for Illegal or Improper Activity (MAY 2014). This clause applies to this contract if the Seller, its employees, officers, directors or agents participated personally and substantially in any part of the preparation of a proposal for this contract. The Seller shall indemnify Buyer for any and all losses suffered by the Buyer due to violations of the Act (as set forth in this clause) by Seller or its subcontractors at any tier.

52.203-10 Price or Fee Adjustment for Illegal or Improper Activity (MAY 2014). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds (i) \$100,000 if included in Buyer's customer RFP or customer contract issued before October 1, 2010 or (ii) \$150,000 if included in Buyer's customer RFP issued on or after October 1, 2010, or if the prime contract was issued prior to October 1, 2010 but was amended after October 1, 2010 to increase the Simplified Acquisition Threshold. If the Government reduces Buyer's price or fee for violations of the Act by Seller or its subcontractors at any tier, Buyer may withhold from sums owed Seller the amount of the reduction.

52.203-11 Certification and Disclosure Regarding Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions (SEP 2007). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds (i) \$100,000 if included in Buyer's customer RFP or customer contract issued before October 1, 2010 or (ii) \$150,000 if included in Buyer's customer RFP issued on or after October 1, 2010, or if the prime contract was issued prior to October 1, 2010 but was amended after October 1, 2010 to increase the Simplified Acquisition Threshold.

52.203-12 Limitation on Payments to Influence Certain Federal Transactions (OCT 2010). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds \$150,000. Paragraph (g)(2) is modified to read as follows: "(g)(2) Seller will promptly submit any disclosure required (with written notice to Boeing) directly to the PCO for the prime contract. Boeing will identify the cognizant Government PCO at Seller's request. Each subcontractor certification will be retained in the subcontract file of the awarding contractor."

52.203-13 Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (OCT 2015). This clause applies only if this contract is in excess of \$5,500,000 and has a period of performance of more than 120 days.

52.203-16 Preventing Personal Conflicts of Interest (DEC 2011). This clause applies to contracts that exceed \$150,000 where Seller's employees will perform acquisition functions closely associated with inherently governmental functions, as defined in paragraph (a) of the clause. The term "Contracting Officer" means "Buyer." In paragraph (a) (1) "Contractor" means "Seller." In paragraph (a)(2) "subcontractor" means "Seller" and "Contractor" means "Buyer" if Seller is a self-employed individual.

52.203-19 Prohibition on Requiring Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements (JAN 2017).

52.209-6 Protecting the Government's Interests When Subcontracting With Contractors Debarred, Suspended or Proposed for Debarment (OCT 2015). Seller agrees it is not debarred, suspended, or proposed for debarment by the Federal Government. Seller shall disclose to Buyer, in writing, whether as of the time of award of this contract, Seller or its principals is or is not debarred, suspended, or proposed for debarment by the Federal Government. This clause does not apply to contracts where Seller is providing commercially available off-the shelf items.

52.215-2 Audit and Records - Negotiation (OCT 2010). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds \$150,000 and (i) is cost-reimbursement, incentive, time-and-materials, labor-hour, or price-redeterminable type or any combination of these types; (ii) Seller was required to provide cost or pricing data, or (iii) Seller is required to furnish reports as discussed in paragraph (e) of the referenced clause. Notwithstanding the above, Buyer's rights to audit Seller are governed by the Financial Records and Audit article of the General Provisions incorporated in the Contract.

52.215-10 Price Reduction for Defective Certified Cost or Pricing Data (AUG 2011). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds the threshold set forth in FAR 15.403-4 and is not otherwise exempt. In subparagraph (3) of paragraph (a), insert "of this contract" after "price or cost." In Paragraph (c), "Contracting Officer" shall mean "Contracting Officer or Buyer." In Paragraphs (c)(1), (c)(1)(ii), and (c)(2)(i), "Contracting Officer" shall mean "Contracting Officer or Buyer." In Subparagraph (c)(2)(i)(A), delete "to the Contracting Officer." In Subparagraph (c)(2)(ii)(B), "Government" shall mean "Government or Buyer." In Paragraph (d), "United States" shall mean "United States or Buyer."

52.215-14 Integrity of Unit Prices (OCT 2010). This clause applies except for contracts at or below \$150,000; construction or architect-engineer services under FAR Part 36; utility services under FAR Part 41; services where supplies are not required; commercial items; and petroleum products.

52.215-15 Pension Adjustments and Asset Reversions (OCT 2010). This clause applies to this contract if it meets the requirements of FAR 15.408(g).

52.215-18 Reversion or Adjustment of Plans for Post-Retirement Benefits (PRB) Other Than Pensions (JUL 2005). This clause applies to this contract if it meets the requirements of FAR 15.408(j).

52.215-19 Notification of Ownership Changes (OCT 1997). This clause applies to this contract if it meets the requirements of FAR 15.408(k).

52.215-21 Requirement for Certified Cost or Pricing Data or Information Other Than Certified Cost and Pricing Data - Modifications (OCT 2010). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds the threshold set forth in FAR 15.403-4. The term "Contracting Officer" shall mean Buyer. Insert the following in lieu of paragraph (a)(2): "Buyer's audit rights to determine price reasonableness shall also apply to verify any request for an exception under this clause. For items priced using catalog or market prices, or law or regulation, access does not extend to cost or profit information or other data relevant solely to the Contractor's determination of the prices to be offered in the catalog or marketplace."

52.215-23 Limitations on Pass-Through Charges. (OCT 2009). This clause applies to all cost-reimbursement subcontracts that exceeds (i) \$100,000 if included in Buyer's customer RFP or customer contract issued before October 1, 2010 or (ii) \$150,000 if included in Buyer's customer RFP issued on or after October 1, 2010, or if the prime contract was issued prior to October 1, 2010 but was amended after October 1, 2010 to increase the Simplified Acquisition Threshold. If the contract is with DoD, then this clause applies to all cost-reimbursement subcontracts and fixed-price subcontracts, except those identified in 15.408(n)(2)(i)(B)(2), that exceed the threshold for obtaining cost or pricing data in accordance with FAR 15.403-4. In paragraph (c), "Contracting Officer" shall mean Buyer.

52.222-1 Notice to the Government of Labor Disputes (FEB 1997). The terms "Contracting Officer" shall mean Buyer.

52.222-6 Construction Wage Rate Requirements (AUG 2018).

52.222-7 Withholding of Funds (FEB 1988).

52.222-8 Payrolls and Basic Records (AUG 2018). In paragraph (b)(1), Contracting Officer means Buyer in the first sentence. Prime Contractor means Buyer. In paragraph (c), written notice will be provided to Seller from Buyer.

52.222-10 Compliance With Copeland Act Requirements (FEB 1988).

52.222-11 Subcontracts (Labor Standards) (MAY 2014). Seller shall include this clause in its subcontracts and shall require such subcontractors to flow this clause to all lower tier subcontractors. The following FAR clauses are incorporated herein by this reference and made a part of this contract: 52.222-4 Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards-Overtime Compensation, 52.222-6 Construction Wage Rate Requirements; 52.222-7 Withholding of Funds; 52.222-8 Payrolls and Basic Records; 52.222-9 Apprentices and Trainees; 52.222-10 Compliance With Copeland Act Requirements; 52.222-11, Subcontracts (Labor Standards); 52.222-12 Contract Termination - Debarment; 52.222-13 Compliance with Construction Wage Rate Requirements statute and Related Act Regulations; 52.222-14 Disputes Concerning Labor Standards; and 52.222-15 Certification of Eligibility. Within 7 days after award of the contract, Seller shall deliver to Buyer a signed and dated acknowledgement that the clauses set forth in paragraph (b) of this clause have been included in their subcontracts.

52.222-12 Contract Termination- Debarment (MAY 2014).

52.222-13 Compliance with Construction Wage Rate Requirements and Related Regulations (MAY 2014).

52.222-14 Disputes Concerning Labor Standards (FEB 1988).

52.222-15 Certification of Eligibility (MAY 2014).

52.222-17 Nondisplacement of Qualified Workers (MAY 2014). The term "Contracting Officer" shall mean "Buyer" in paragraph (d)(1). In paragraph (d)(1), "30 days" is changed to "40 days" and "10 days" is changed to "15 days."

52.222-19 Child Labor - Cooperation with Authorities and Remedies (JAN 2018). In (d), "Contracting Officer" means Buyer.

52.222-20 Contracts for Materials,Supplies, Articles, and Equipment Exceeding \$15,000. (MAY 2014). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds \$15,000.

52.222-21 Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (APR 2015).

52.222-26 Equal Opportunity (SEP 2016).

52.222-27 Affirmative Action Compliance Requirements for Construction (APR 2015). This clause applies if the contract is over \$10,000.

52.222-30 Construction Wage Rate Requirements—Price Adjustment (None or Separately Specified Method) (AUG 2018). Applicable if this contract is subject to the Construction Wage Rate Requirements statute and contains provision for Option(s) to extend the term of the purchase order/subcontract. "Contracting Officer" shall mean "Buyer."

52.222-35 Equal Opportunity for Veterans. (OCT 2015). This clause applies only if this contract is \$150,000 or more.

52.222-36 Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (JUL 2014). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds \$15,000.

52.222-37 Employment Reports on Veterans (FEB 2016). This clause applies if this contract is \$150,000 or more, unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor.

52.222-40 Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act. (DEC 2010).

52.222-41 Service Contract Labor Standards (AUG 2018). This clause applies only if this contract is subject to the Act. Where applicable, Wage Determination(s) shall be attached to the purchase contract at the time of award, or furnished upon request.

52.222-50 Combating Trafficking in Persons (JAN 2019). The term "contractor" shall mean "Seller", except in the paragraph (a) definition of Agent, and except when the term "prime contractor" appears, which shall remain unchanged. The term "Contracting Officer" shall mean "Contracting Officer, Buyer's Authorized Procurement representative" in paragraph (d)(1). Paragraph (d)(2) shall read as follows: "If the allegation may be associated with more than one contract, the Seller shall inform the Buyer's Authorized Procurement Representative for each affected contract." The term "the Government" shall mean "the Government and Buyer" in paragraph (e). The term "termination" shall mean "Cancellation" and "Cancellation for Default", respectively, in paragraph (e)(6). The term "Contracting Officer" shall mean "Contracting Officer and Buyer" in paragraph (f), except in paragraph (f)(2), where it shall mean "Contracting Officer or Buyer". Paragraph (h)(2)(ii) shall read as follows: "To the nature and scope of the activities involved in the performance of a Government subcontract, including the number of non-United States citizens expected to be employed and the risk that the contract or subcontract will involve services or supplies susceptible to trafficking in persons." The term "Contracting Officer" shall mean "Contracting Officer or Buyer" in paragraph (h)(4)(ii). The term "Contracting Officer" shall mean "Buyer" in paragraph (h)(5).

52.222-54 Employment Eligibility Verification (OCT 2015). This clause applies to all subcontracts that (1) are for (i) commercial or noncommercial services (except for commercial services that are part of the purchase of a COTS item, or an item that would be a COTS item, but for minor modifications performed by the COTS provider and are normally provided for that COTS item), or (ii) construction; (2) has a value of more than \$3,500; and (3) includes work performed in the United States.

52.222-62 Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706 (JAN 2017). This clause applies if the Contract is subject to the Service Contract Labor Standards statute or the Wage Rate Requirements (Construction) statute, and are to be performed in whole or in part in the United States.

52.223-3 Hazardous Material Identification and Material Safety Data (JAN 1997). This clause applies only if Seller delivers hazardous material under this contract.

52.223-7 Notice of Radioactive Materials (JAN 1997). This clause applies only if this contract involves (i) radioactive material requiring specific licensing under the regulations issued pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, as set forth in Title 10 of the Code of Federal Regulations, in effect on the date of this contract, or (ii) other radioactive material not requiring specific licensing in which the specific activity is greater than 0.002 microcuries per gram or the activity per item equals or exceeds 0.01 microcuries. "Contracting Officer" shall mean Buyer. In the blank in paragraph (a), insert "60 days."

52.223-11 Ozone-Depleting Substances and High Global Warming Potential Hydrofluorocarbons (JUN 2016). Seller shall submit the information required by paragraph (c) (1) annually to Buyer by October 15th during each year of contract performance, and at the end of contract performance.

52.223-12 Maintenance, Service, Repair, or Disposal of Refrigeration Equipment and Air Conditioners. (JUN 2016). Seller shall submit the information required by paragraph (d)(1) to Buyer no later than October 15th of each year during contract performance, and at the end of contract performance.

52.223-15 Energy Efficiency In Energy-Consuming Products (DEC 2007).

52.223-18 Encouraging Contractor Policies To Ban Text Messaging While Driving (AUG 2011).

52.224-2 Privacy Act (APR 1984). This clause applies only if Seller is required to design, develop, or operate a system of records contemplated by this clause.

52.224-3 Privacy Training (JAN 2017). The term "Contracting Officer" shall mean "Contracting Officer or Buyer".

52.225-1 Buy American - Supplies (MAY 2014). The term "Contracting Officer" shall mean Buyer the first time it is used in

paragraph (c). In paragraph (d), the phrase "in the provision of the solicitation entitled 'Buy American Certificate' is deleted and replaced with "in its offer."

52.225-11 Buy American-- Construction Materials Under Trade Agreements (OCT 2016). In paragraph (c) (2), "Contractor" means Buyer. In paragraph(c) (2), "Contracting Officer" means Buyer the 2nd time it appears.

52.225-13 Restriction on Certain Foreign Purchases (JUN 2008).

52.227-1 Authorization and Consent (DEC 2007).

52.227-2 Notice and Assistance Regarding Patent and Copyright Infringement (DEC 2007). A copy of each notice sent to the Government shall be sent to Buyer.

52.227-10 Filing of Patent Applications - Classified Subject Matter (DEC 2007).

52.227-19 Commercial Computer Software License (DEC 2007).

52.228-5 Insurance - Work on a Government Installation (JAN 1997). This clause applies to contracts that requires work on a Government installation. In paragraph (b) and (b)2, "Contracting Officer" shall mean "Buyer". In paragraph (c), "Contracting Officer" shall mean "Contracting Officer or Buyer". Seller shall provide and maintain insurance as set forth in this contract.

52.232-27 Prompt Payment for Construction Contracts (JAN 2017). "Contracting Officer" and "Government" shall mean "Buyer."

52.232-39 Unenforceability of Unauthorized Obligations (JUN 2013).

52.232-40 Providing Accelerated Payments to Small Business Subcontractors. (DEC 2013). This clause applies to contracts with small business concerns. The term "Contractor" retains its original meaning.

52.236-2 Differing Site Conditions (APR 1984). In paragraph (a), any written notice shall be provided through Buyer.

52.236-13 Accident Prevention (NOV 1991). The term "Contracting Officer" shall mean Buyer.

52.237-2 Protection of Government Buildings, Equipment, and Vegetation (APR 1984). This clause applies only if work will be performed on a Government installation. "Contracting Officer" shall mean Buyer.

52.244-6 Subcontracts for Commercial Items (JAN 2019). Clauses in paragraph (c) (1) apply when Seller is providing commercial items under the Contract.

52.247-63 Preference for U.S.-Flag Air Carriers (JUN 2003). This clause only applies if this contract involves international air transportation.

52.248-1 Value Engineering (OCT 2010). This clause applies only if this contract is for \$150,000 or more. The term "Contractor" means Seller. The term "Contracting Officer" means Buyer. The term "contracting office" means US Government contracting office. The term "Government" means Buyer except in subparagraph (c)(5). The term "Government" does not mean Buyer as it is used in the phrase "Government costs". Paragraph (d) shall read as follows: The Seller shall submit VECP's to the Buyer. Subparagraph (e)(1) shall read as follows: The Buyer will notify the Seller of the status of the VECP after receipt. The Buyer will process VECP's expeditiously; however, it will not be liable for any delay in acting upon a VECP.

Paragraph (m) shall read as follows: (m) Data. The Seller may restrict the Government's right to use any part of a VECP or the supporting data by marking the following legend on the affected parts:

These data, furnished under the Value Engineering clause of contract, shall not be disclosed outside the Buyer and Government or duplicated, used, or disclosed, in whole or in part, for any purpose other than to evaluate a value engineering change proposal submitted

under the clause. This restriction does not limit the Buyer's and Government's right to use information contained in these data if it has been obtained or is otherwise available from the Seller or from another source without limitations.

If a VECP is accepted, the Seller hereby grants the Government unlimited rights in the VECP and supporting data, except that, with respect to data qualifying and submitted as limited rights or Government purpose rights technical data, the Government shall have the rights specified in the contract modification implementing the VECP and Seller shall appropriately mark the data. (The terms "unlimited rights" a "limited rights" and "Government purpose rights" are defined in Part 27 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation ("FAR") or Part 227 of the Defense FAR Supplement, as applicable.)

Seller's share of the net acquisition savings and collateral savings shall not reduce the Government's share of concurrent or future savings or collateral savings. Buyer's payments to Seller under this clause are conditioned upon Buyer's receipt of authorization for such payments from the Government

52.248-3 Value Engineering-Construction (OCT 2015). The term "Contracting Officer" means Buyer. This clause applies only if this contract is for \$70,000 or more. If Value Engineering Change Proposal is accepted by the Government, Seller's share will be 50% of the instant contract savings and collateral savings that Buyer receives from the Government. Seller's negotiated share of the instant contract savings and collateral savings shall not reduce the Government's share of collateral savings. Buyer's payments to Seller under this clause are conditioned upon Buyer's receipt of authorization for such payments from the Government..

52.251-1 Government Supply Sources (APR 2012). This clause applies only if Seller is notified by Buyer in writing that Seller is authorized to purchase from Government supply sources in the performance of this contract.

52.253-1 Computer Generated Forms (JAN 1991).

2. Commercial Items If goods or services being procured under this contract are commercial items and Clause H203 is set forth in the purchase order, the foregoing Government clauses in Section 1 above are deleted and the following FAR clauses are inserted in lieu thereof:

52.203-13 Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (OCT 2015). This clause applies only if this contract is in excess of \$5,500,000 and has a period of performance of more than 120 days.

52.203-15 Whistleblower Protections Under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (JUN 2010). This clause applies if this contract is funded in whole or in part with Recovery Act funds.

52.203-19 Prohibition on Requiring Certain Internal Confidentiality Agreements or Statements (JAN 2017).

52.204-21 Basic Safeguarding of Covered Information Systems (JUN 2016).

52.204-23 Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware, Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab and Other Covered Entities (JUL 2018). In paragraph (c)(1), the term "Government" means "Government or Buyer" and the term "Contracting Officer" means "Buyer." All reporting required by paragraph (c) shall be reported through Buyer. Seller shall report the information in paragraph (c)(2) to Buyer.

52.209-6 Protecting the Government's Interests When Subcontracting With Contractors Debarred, Suspended or Proposed for Debarment (OCT 2015). Seller agrees it is not debarred, suspended, or proposed for debarment by the Federal Government. Seller shall disclose to Buyer, in writing, whether as of the time of award of this contract, Seller or its principals is or is not debarred, suspended, or proposed for debarment by the Federal Government. This clause does not apply to contracts where Seller is providing commercially available off-the shelf items.

52.219-8 Utilization of Small Business Concerns (OCT 2018).

52.222-21 Prohibition of Segregated Facilities (APR 2015).

52.222-26 Equal Opportunity (SEP 2016).

52.222-35 Equal Opportunity for Veterans. (OCT 2015). This clause applies only if this contract is \$150,000 or more.

52.222-36 Equal Opportunity for Workers with Disabilities (JUL 2014). This clause applies only if this contract exceeds \$15,000.

52.222-37 Employment Reports on Veterans (FEB 2016). This clause applies if the Contract is \$150,000 or more.

52.222-40 Notification of Employee Rights Under the National Labor Relations Act. (DEC 2010).

52.222-50 Combating Trafficking in Persons (JAN 2019). The term “contractor” shall mean “Seller”, except in the paragraph (a) definition of Agent, and except when the term “prime contractor” appears, which shall remain unchanged. The term “Contracting Officer” shall mean “Contracting Officer, Buyer's Authorized Procurement representative” in paragraph (d)(1). Paragraph (d)(2) shall read as follows: “If the allegation may be associated with more than one contract, the Seller shall inform the Buyer's Authorized Procurement Representative for each affected contract.” The term “the Government” shall mean “the Government and Buyer” in paragraph (e). The term “termination” shall mean “Cancellation” and “Cancellation for Default”, respectively, in paragraph (e)(6). The term “Contracting Officer” shall mean “Contracting Officer and Buyer” in paragraph (f), except in paragraph (f)(2), where it shall mean “Contracting Officer or Buyer”. Paragraph (h)(2)(ii) shall read as follows: “To the nature and scope of the activities involved in the performance of a Government subcontract, including the number of non-United States citizens expected to be employed and the risk that the contract or subcontract will involve services or supplies susceptible to trafficking in persons.” The term “Contracting Officer” shall mean “Contracting Officer or Buyer” in paragraph (h)(4)(ii). The term “Contracting Officer” shall mean “Buyer” in paragraph (h)(5).

52.222-50 Combating Trafficking in Persons Alternate I (MAR 2015). The term “Contractor” shall mean “Seller”, except the term “prime contractor” shall remain unchanged. The term “Contracting Officer” shall mean “Contracting Officer and the Buyer's Authorized Procurement representative in paragraph (d)(1). Paragraph (d)(2) shall read as follows: “If the allegation may be associated with more than one contract, the Seller shall inform the Buyer's Authorized Procurement Representative for each affected contract.” The term “the Government” shall mean “the Government and Buyer” in paragraph (e). The term “termination” shall mean “cancellation” and “Cancellation for Default”, respectively, in paragraph (e)(6). Insert the following at the end of paragraph (e): “If the Government exercises one of the remedies identified in the paragraph (e) against Buyer as a result, in whole or in part, of the Seller's violation of its obligations under this clause, Buyer may impose that remedy against the Seller proportionate to the extent to which Seller's violation caused the Government's decision to impose a remedy on Buyer.” The term “Contracting Officer” shall mean “Contracting Officer and Buyer” in paragraph (f), except in paragraph (f)(2), where it shall mean “Contracting Officer or Buyer”. Paragraph (h)(2)(ii) shall read as follows: “To the nature and scope of the activities involved in the performance of a Government subcontract, including the number of non-United States citizens expected to be employed and the risk that the contract or subcontract will involve services or supplies susceptible to trafficking in persons.” The term “Contracting Officer” shall mean “Contracting Officer or Buyer” in paragraph (h)(4)(ii). The term “Contracting Officer” shall mean “Buyer” in paragraph (h)(5).

52.222-54 Employment Eligibility Verification (OCT 2015). This clause applies to all subcontracts that (1) are for (i) commercial or noncommercial services (except for commercial services that are part of the purchase of a COTS item, or an item that would be a COTS item, but for minor modifications performed by the COTS provider and are normally provided for that COTS item), or (ii) construction; (2) has a value of more than \$3,500; and (3) includes work performed in the United States.

52.222-55 Minimum Wages Under Executive Order 13658 (DEC 2015). This clause applies if this contract is subject to the Service Contract Labor Standards statute or the Wage Rate Requirements (Construction) statute, and is to be performed in whole or in part in the United States. "Contracting Officer" shall mean "Buyer" except for paragraphs (e)(2), (4) and (g). If the Government exercises a withhold identified in the paragraph (g) against Buyer as a result of the Seller's violation of its obligations under this clause, Buyer may impose that withhold against the Seller.

52.222-62 Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706 (JAN 2017). This clause applies if the Contract is subject to the Service Contract Labor Standards statute or the Wage Rate Requirements (Construction) statute, and are to be performed in whole or in part in the United States.

52.224-3 Privacy Training Alternate I (JAN 2017). The term "Contracting Officer" shall mean "Contracting Officer or Buyer".

52.224-3 Privacy Training (JAN 2017). The term "Contracting Officer" shall mean "Contracting Officer or Buyer".

52.225-26 Contractors Performing Private Security Functions Outside the United States (OCT 2016). This clause applies if the Contract will be performed outside the United States in areas of (1) combat operations, as designated by the Secretary of Defense; or (2) other significant military operations, upon agreement of the Secretaries of Defense and State that the clause applies in that area. In paragraph (d)(1), Contracting Officer shall mean "Contracting Officer or Buyer" and in paragraph (d) (3), Contracting Officer shall mean Buyer.

52.232-40 Providing Accelerated Payments to Small Business Subcontractors. (DEC 2013). This clause applies to contracts with small business concerns. The term "Contractor" retains its original meaning.

52.244-6 Subcontracts for Commercial Items (JAN 2019). Clauses in paragraph (c) (1) apply when Seller is providing commercial items under the Contract.

52.247-64 Preference for Privately Owned U.S.-Flag Commercial Vessels (FEB 2006). This clause does not apply if this contract is for the acquisition of commercial items unless (i) this contract is a contract or agreement for ocean transportation services; or a construction contract; or (ii) the supplies being transported are (a) items the Seller is reselling or distributing to the Government without adding value (generally, the Seller does not add value to the items when it subcontracts items for f.o.b. destination shipment); or (b) shipped in direct support of U.S. military (1) contingency operations; (2) exercises; or (3) forces deployed in connection with United Nations or North Atlantic Treaty Organization humanitarian or peacekeeping operations.

3. Prime Contract Special Provisions The following prime contract special provisions apply to this purchase order

The following contract clauses are incorporated and apply to the extent indicated. In all of the following clauses, "Contractor" and "Offeror" mean Seller.

1. PROTECTION AGAINST COMPROMISING EMANATIONS (APR 2014)

- (a) The contractor shall implement TEMPEST countermeasures in compliance with Government Directive 100-5~~TEMPEST~~ *Requirements*, if electronically processing classified Government information.
- (b) Contract deliverables that process, store, or transmit national security information shall be designed to minimize the possibility of compromising emanations.
- (c) The Government may, as part of its inspection and acceptance, conduct tests to ensure that equipment or systems delivered under this contract satisfy the security standards specified. Notwithstanding the existence of valid accreditations of equipment prior to the award of this contract, the Government may conduct additional tests at the installation site or contractor's facility.

2. NOTICE OF LITIGATION (AUG 2010)

- (a) With respect to litigation to which the contractor is a party relating to this contract:
 - (1) The contractor shall, within five business days, notify the Contracting Officer, through Buyer, of any litigation filed by a third party (including individuals, organizations, and federal, state, or local governmental entities) or subpoena involving or in any way relating to this contract and/or related subcontracts. Said notice shall include a copy of all documents filed with the court in connection with the litigation or subpoena to the extent such documents are not covered by a court-ordered seal or protective order.
 - (2) The Contracting Officer shall have the right to examine any pertinent documents filed with the court during the conduct of the litigation, and any documents and records provided to the third party in response to the subpoena.
- (b) The contractor agrees to insert this clause in any subcontract under this contract.

3. RELEASE OF CONTRACT INFORMATION (AUG 2018)

- (a) Public announcement of Government contract awards and contract actions is prohibited. The contractor shall not use or allow to be used any aspect of this contract for publicity, advertisement, or any other public relations purpose. This obligation will not expire upon completion or termination of this contract, but shall continue until rescinded by the U.S.

Government.

(b) The contractor must obtain the Contracting Officer's written approval, through Buyer, before publishing a technical paper, making a presentation, or releasing any information based on, referencing, or related to a Government contract or subcontract. This approval is not required when engaging with congressional intelligence committee members and their staffs; however, the contractor shall submit discussion or presentation material to the Contracting Officer, through Buyer, for coordination with program security and program management to ensure security and information integrity prior to the engagement, or immediately following discussions that were not planned in advance.

(c) The contractor may provide past performance information regarding this contract to the Government, the Office of the Director of National Intelligence, the Central Intelligence Agency, the National Geo-Spatial Intelligence Agency, and the National Security Agency to support source selections at those agencies without Contracting Officer approval. The contractor is responsible for the proper classification and handling of such information, and shall provide a copy of the information provided to the Government Contracting Officer. No past performance information regarding any Government contract shall be provided to any other Government, commercial, or private organization or individual without the express written approval of the Contracting Officer, which shall be coordinated through Buyer.

(d) The contractor agrees to insert this clause in any subcontract under this contract.

4. INFORMATION SYSTEM ACCESS (JAN 2013)

(a) Definitions. The terms used in this clause are defined in Committee for National Security Systems (CNSS) Instruction 4009, *National Information Assurance (IA) Glossary*.

(b) This clause shall apply to any aspect of this contract involving access to or processing of national security information up to and including sensitive compartmented information (SCI).

(c) The contractor shall comply with the requirements of:

(1) The Intelligence Community, Department of Defense, and GOVERNMENT directives, instructions, policy guidance, standards, and special access program classification and program security guides specified in the List of Applicable Information Technology-Information Assurance-Information Management (IT-IA-IM) Documents attached in Section J of this contract; and

(2) The latest revision to each document listed above, notice of which has been furnished to the contractor by the Government.

(d) If, subsequent to the date of this contract, the IT-IA-IM requirements of this contract are changed by the Government, and if the changes cause an increase or decrease in costs or otherwise affect any other term or condition of this contract, the contract may be subject to an equitable adjustment under the Changes clause of this contract.

(e) The prime contractor is responsible for providing IT-IA-IM oversight for all subcontractor relationships that are formed as the result of this contract. The prime contractor shall include provisions in all subcontracts that substantially conform to the requirements of this clause.

(f) If any provision of the contract conflicts with instructions issued by Buyer, the contractor shall notify Buyer who will resolve the conflict. When IT-IA-IM regulations are in conflict, the contractor shall follow the most restrictive guidance and immediately refer the matter to Buyer for resolution.

(g) The IT-IA-IM requirements specified in this clause are a material condition of this contract. Failure of the contractor to maintain and administer an information security program compliant with the IT-IA-IM requirements of this contract constitutes grounds for termination for default.

5. INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY-INFORMATION ASSURANCE-INFORMATION MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS (JAN 2013)

(a) Definitions. The terms used in this clause are defined in Committee for National Security Systems (CNSS) Instruction 4009, *National Information Assurance (IA) Glossary*.

(b) This clause shall apply to any aspect of this contract involving access to or processing of national security information, up to and including sensitive compartmented information (SCI).

(c) The contractor shall comply with the requirements of:

(1) ICD 503, *Intelligence Community Information Technology Systems Security Risk Management, Certification and Accreditation*, and Government implementing guidance; Intelligence Community Standard (ICS) 503-2, *Categorizing and Selecting Information Technology Systems Security Controls*; and CNSS Instruction 1253, *Security Categorization and Control Selection for National Security Systems*;

(2) Other Intelligence Community, Department of Defense, and Government directives, instructions, policy guidance, standards, and special access program classification and program security guides specified in the List of Applicable Information Technology-Information Assurance-Information Management (IT-IA-IM) Documents attached in Section J of this contract; and

(3) The latest revision to each document listed above, notice of which has been furnished to the contractor by the Government.

(d) If, subsequent to the date of this contract, the IT-IA-IM requirements of this contract are changed by the Government, and if the changes cause an increase or decrease in costs or otherwise affect any other term or condition of this contract, the contract may be subject to an equitable adjustment under the Changes clause of this contract.

(e) The prime contractor is responsible for providing IT-IA-IM oversight for all subcontractor relationships that are formed as the result of this contract. The contractor shall include provisions in all subcontracts that substantially conform to the requirements of this clause.

(f) If any provision of the contract conflicts with instructions issued by Buyer, the contractor shall notify Buyer, who will resolve the conflict. When IT-IA-IM regulations are in conflict, the contractor shall follow the most restrictive guidance and immediately refer the matter to Buyer for resolution.

(g) The contractor shall report security and compliance status and reconfigure national security systems as directed by the Government.

(h) The IT-IA-IM requirements specified in this clause are a material condition of this contract. Failure of the contractor to maintain and administer an information security program compliant with the IT-IA-IM requirements of this contract constitutes grounds for termination for default.

6. DISCLOSURE OF OWNERSHIP OR CONTROL BY A FOREIGN GOVERNMENT (NOV 2017)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause:

(1) *Effectively owned or controlled* means that a foreign government or any entity controlled by a foreign government has the power, either directly or indirectly, whether exercised or exercisable, to control the election, appointment, or tenure of the offeror's officers or a majority of the offeror's board of directors by any means, e.g., ownership, contract, or operation of law (or equivalent power for unincorporated organizations).

(2) *Entity controlled by a foreign government* means any domestic or foreign organization or corporation that is effectively owned or controlled by a foreign government, or any individual acting on behalf of a foreign government. It does not include an organization or corporation that is owned, but is not controlled, either directly or indirectly, by a foreign government if the ownership of that organization or corporation by that foreign government was effective before 23 October 1992.

(3) *Foreign government* includes the state and the government of any country (other than the United States and its outlying areas) as well as any political subdivision, agency, or instrumentality thereof.

(4) *Proscribed information* means:

- Top Secret information
- Communications Security (COMSEC) material, excluding controlled cryptographic items when un-

keyed or utilized with unclassified keys;

- Restricted Data as defined in the U.S. Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended;
- Special Access Program (SAP) information; or
- Sensitive Compartmented Information (SCI).

(b) Prohibition on Award. No contract under a national security program may be awarded to an entity controlled by a foreign government if that entity requires access to proscribed information to perform the contract, unless the Government Director, or a designee has waived application of 10 U.S.C. §2536(a).

(c) Disclosure.

(1) The offeror shall disclose any interest a foreign government has in the offeror when that interest constitutes control by a foreign government as defined in this provision. If the offeror is a subsidiary, it shall also disclose any reportable interest a foreign government has in any entity that owns or controls the subsidiary, including reportable interest concerning the offeror's immediate parent, intermediate parents, and the ultimate parent.

(2) The offeror shall submit a current SF 328, *Certificate Pertaining to Foreign Interests*, with their proposal. The SF 328 must include the following information:

- Offeror's point of contact for questions about disclosure (name and phone number with country code, city code, and area code, as applicable);
- Name and address of offeror;
- Name and address of entity controlled by a foreign government; and
- Description of interest, ownership percentage, and identification of foreign government.

(d) If during contract performance the foreign government ownership or control status of the contractor changes, the contractor shall submit an updated SF 328 to Buyer within one week of the change.

(e) Flow-down. The offeror agrees to include the requirements of this clause in all subcontract solicitations and resulting subcontracts that involve potential access to proscribed information under this solicitation and any resulting contract.

7. EXCEPTIONS TO FEDERAL LABOR REQUIREMENTS (FEB 2019)

While fulfilling the requirements of the FAR Part 22 Clauses included in this contract, the contractor shall not directly contact the Department of Labor citing this contract without first obtaining the written approval of the Contracting Officer, which shall be obtained through Buyer.

8. PROHIBITION ON STORAGE AND DISPOSAL OF TOXIC AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS (JAN 2004)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause:

(1) *Storage* means a non-transitory, semi-permanent or permanent holding, placement, or leaving of material. It does not include a temporary accumulation of a limited quantity of a material used in or a waste generated or resulting from authorized activities, such as servicing, maintenance, or repair of Government items, equipment, or facilities.

(2) *Toxic or hazardous materials* means those materials identified in the EPA Title III List of Lists.

(b) The contractor is prohibited from transporting, storing, disposing, or using toxic or hazardous materials in performing this contract except for those materials listed in (c) below or when authorized in writing by the Contracting Officer, which shall be obtained through Buyer.

(c) The following toxic and hazardous materials are authorized for use in the performance of this contract:

TOXIC MATERIAL	USE	LIMITATIONS
----------------	-----	-------------

(TBD)

9. ELIMINATION OF USE OF CLASS I OZONE DEPLETING SUBSTANCES (ODS) (APR 2004)

(a) Unless authorized under paragraph (b) below, use of a Class I ODS (as defined in 40 CFR 82) is prohibited under this contract.

(b) Where considered essential, specific approval has been obtained to require use of the following substances:

Substance	Application/Use	Quantity
	(TBD)	

[List each Class I ODS, its application or use, and approved quantities. If “None”, so state.]

(c) The offeror/contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer if any Class I ODS not specifically listed above is required in the performance of this contract.

10. TECHNICAL DATA AND COMPUTER SOFTWARE: COMMERCIAL ITEMS (JUL 2018)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause:

(1) *Business data* means recorded information, regardless of the form or method of the recording, including specific business data contained in a computer database, of a financial, administrative, cost or pricing, or management nature, or other information incidental to contract administration or protected from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. §552(b)(4).

(2) *Commercial item* means:

(i) Any item, other than real property, but inclusive of computer software, that is of a type customarily used by the general public or by non-governmental entities for purposes other than governmental purposes, and—

(A) Has been sold, leased, or licensed to the general public; or

(B) Has been offered for sale, lease, or license to the general public;

(ii) Any item that evolved from an item described in paragraph (i) of this definition through advances in technology or performance, and that is not yet available in the commercial marketplace, but will be available in the commercial marketplace in time to satisfy the delivery requirements under a Government solicitation or contract;

(iii) Any item that would satisfy a criterion expressed in paragraphs (i) or (ii) of this definition, but for—

(A) Modifications of a type customarily available in the commercial marketplace; or

(B) Minor modifications of a type not customarily available in the commercial marketplace made to meet Federal Government requirements. “Minor modifications” means modifications that do not significantly alter the non-governmental function or essential physical characteristics of an item or component, or change the purpose of a process or computer software. Factors to be considered in determining whether a modification is minor include the value and size of the modification and the comparative value and size of the final product. Dollar values and percentages may be used as guideposts, but are not conclusive evidence that a modification is minor;

(iv) Any combination of items meeting the requirements of paragraphs (i), (ii), (iii), or (v) of this definition that are of a type customarily combined and sold in combination to the general public;

(v) Installation services, maintenance services, repair services, training services, and other services if—

(A) Such services are procured for support of an item referred to in paragraph (i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) of this definition, regardless of whether such services are provided by the same source or at the same time as the item; and

(B) The source of such services provides similar services contemporaneously to the general

public under terms and conditions similar to those offered to the Federal Government;

(vi) Services of a type offered and sold competitively in substantial quantities in the commercial marketplace based on established catalog or market prices for specific tasks performed or specific outcomes to be achieved, and under standard commercial terms and conditions. For purposes of these services—

(A) “Catalog price” means a price included in a catalog, price list, schedule, or other form that is regularly maintained by the manufacturer or vendor, is either published or otherwise available for inspection by customers, and states prices at which sales are currently, or were last, made to a significant number of buyers constituting the general public; and

(B) “Market prices” means current prices that are established in the course of ordinary trade between buyers and sellers free to bargain, and that can be substantiated through competition or from sources independent of the offerors.

(vii) Any item, combination of items, or service referred to in paragraphs (i) through (vi) of this definition, notwithstanding the fact that the item, combination of items, or service is transferred between or among separate divisions, subsidiaries, or affiliates of a contractor; or

(viii) A non-developmental item, if the procuring agency determines the item was developed exclusively at private expense and sold in substantial quantities, on a competitive basis, to multiple State and local governments.

(3) *Computer database* means a collection of data recorded in a form capable of being processed and operated by a computer. The term does not include computer software.

(4) *Computer program* means a set of instructions, rules, or routines, recorded in a form that is capable of causing a computer to perform a specific operation or series of operations.

(5) *Computer software* means computer programs, source code, source code listings, object code listings, design details, algorithms, processes, flow charts, formulae, and related material that would enable the software to be reproduced, recreated, or recompiled. The term does not include computer databases or computer software documentation.

(6) *Computer software documentation* means owner’s manuals, user’s manuals, installation instructions, operating instructions, and other similar items, regardless of storage medium, that explain the capabilities of the computer software or provide instructions for using or maintaining the computer software.

(7) *Form, fit, and function data* means technical data that describes the required overall physical, functional, and performance characteristics (along with the qualification requirements, if applicable) of an item, component, or process to the extent necessary to permit identification of physically and functionally interchangeable items. For computer software it means data identifying source, functional characteristics, and performance requirements, but specifically excludes the source code, algorithms, processes, formulas, and flow charts of the software.

(8) *Technical data* means recorded information (regardless of the form or method of the recording, including computer databases) of a scientific or technical nature (including computer software documentation). The term includes recorded information of a scientific or technical nature that is included in computer databases. (See 41 U.S.C. §403(8)). This term does not include computer software or business data.

(b) License in Commercial Technical Data.

(1) The Government shall have the unrestricted right to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose technical data relating to a commercial item, and to permit others to do so, that:

(i) Have been provided to the Government or others without restrictions on use, modification, reproduction, release, or further disclosure other than a release or disclosure resulting from the sale, transfer, or other assignment of interest in the technical data to another party, or the sale or transfer of some or all of a business entity or its assets to another party;

- (ii) Are form, fit, and function data;
- (iii) Are a correction or change to technical data furnished to the contractor by the Government;
- (iv) Are necessary for operation, maintenance, installation, or training (other than detailed manufacturing or process data); or
- (v) Have been provided to the Government under a prior contract or licensing agreement through which the Government has acquired the rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose technical data without restrictions.

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (b) (1), the Government may use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display or disclose technical data within the Government only.

(3) The Government shall not use the technical data to manufacture additional quantities or release, perform, display, disclose, or authorize use of the technical data outside the Government without the contractor's written permission unless a release, disclosure, or permitted use is necessary for emergency repair or overhaul of the commercial items furnished under this contract, or for performance of work by Government support contractors.

(c) License in Commercial Computer Software. Commercial computer software and commercial computer software documentation shall be acquired under the licenses customarily provided to the public unless such licenses are inconsistent with federal procurement law or do not otherwise satisfy user needs. The Government shall have only the rights specified in the license under which the commercial computer software and commercial computer software documentation was obtained. Such license shall be attached to and made a part of this contract.

(d) Additional License Rights. The contractor and its subcontractors are not required to provide the Government additional rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose technical data or computer software. However, if the Government desires to obtain additional rights in technical data or computer software, the contractor agrees to promptly enter into negotiations with the Contracting Officer to determine whether acceptable terms for transferring such rights can be reached. All technical data and computer software in which the contractor grants the Government additional rights shall be listed or described in a special license agreement made part of this contract. The license shall specifically enumerate the additional rights granted the Government.

(e) Release From Liability. The contractor agrees that the Government, and other persons to whom the Government may have released or disclosed technical data or computer software delivered or otherwise furnished under this contract, shall have no liability for any release or disclosure of technical data or computer software that are not marked to indicate that such data are licensed data subject to use, modification, reproduction, release, performance, display, or disclosure restrictions.

11. RIGHTS IN TECHNICAL DATA AND COMPUTER SOFTWARE: NONCOMMERCIAL ITEMS (FEB 2011)

This clause is applicable to non-deliverables. It also does not apply to items which are contract data requirements but have not yet been delivered to the Government.

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause:

(1) *Business data* means recorded information, regardless of the form or method of the recording, including specific business data contained in a computer database, of a financial, administrative, cost or pricing, or management nature, or other information incidental to contract administration or protected from disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act, 5 U.S.C. §552(b)(4).

(2) *Computer data base* means a collection of data recorded in a form capable of being processed and operated by a computer. The term does not include computer software.

(3) *Computer program* means a set of instructions, rules, or routines, recorded in a form that is capable of causing a computer to perform a specific operation or series of operations.

(4) *Computer software* means computer programs, source code, source code listings, object code listings, design details, algorithms, processes, flow charts, formulae, and related material that would enable the software to be

reproduced, recreated, or recompiled. Computer software does not include computer databases or computer software documentation.

(5) *Computer software documentation* means owner's manuals, user's manuals, installation instructions, operating instructions, and other similar items, regardless of storage medium, that explain the capabilities of the computer software or provide instructions for using or maintaining the software.

(6) *Delivery* means the formal act of transferring technical data, computer software, or business data to the Government as expressly delineated in the contract (including, but not limited to the Contract Data Requirements List, the statement of work, or elsewhere in the contract), in accordance with a specified schedule.

(7) *Detailed manufacturing or process data* means technical data and computer software that describes the steps, sequences, and conditions of manufacturing, processing, or assembly used by the manufacturer to produce an item or component, or to perform a process.

(8) *Developed* means that an item, component, or process, or an element of computer software has been shown through sufficient analysis or test to demonstrate to one of ordinary skill in the applicable art that there is a reasonable probability that the item, component, process, or element of computer software will work or perform its intended application, function, or purpose.

(9) *Developed exclusively at private expense* means development was accomplished entirely with costs charged to indirect cost pools, costs not allocated to a Government contract, or any combination thereof. Under fixed-price contracts, when total costs are greater than the firm-fixed-price or ceiling price of the contract, the additional development costs necessary to complete development shall not be considered when determining whether development was at Government, private, or mixed expense. Private expense determinations should be made at the lowest practicable level.

(10) *Developed exclusively with Government funds* means all the costs of development were charged directly to a Government contract.

(11) *Developed with mixed funding* means development was accomplished partially with costs charged to indirect cost pools and/or costs not allocated to a Government contract, and partially with costs charged directly to a Government contract.

(12) *Form, fit, and function data* means technical data that describes the required overall physical, functional, and performance characteristics (along with the qualification requirements, if applicable) of an item, component, or process to the extent necessary to permit identification of physically and functionally interchangeable items. For computer software it means data identifying source, functional characteristics, and performance requirements, but specifically excludes the source code, algorithms, processes, formulas, and flow charts of the software.

(13) *Government purpose* means any activity in which the United States Government is a party, including cooperative agreements with international or multi-national defense organizations, or sales or transfers by the United States Government to foreign Governments or international organizations. Government purposes include providing technical data and computer software for use in a competitive procurement, but do not include the rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose technical data and computer software for commercial purposes or authorize others to do so.

(14) *Technical data* means recorded information (regardless of the form or method of the recording, including computer databases) of a scientific or technical nature (including computer software documentation). The term includes recorded information of a scientific or technical nature that is included in computer databases (See 41 U.S.C. §403(8)). This term does not include computer software or business data.

(b) Government Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software.

(1) *Government purpose rights* means the rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose technical data or computer software within the Government without restriction, to release or disclose technical data or computer software outside the Government, and to authorize persons to whom release has been made to use, modify, reproduce, perform, or display that technical data or computer software, provided that the recipient exercises such rights for Government purposes only.

- (i) The Government shall have Government purpose rights for a five-year period after contract completion or for such other period as may be mutually negotiated. Upon expiration of the five-year or other negotiated period, the Government shall have unlimited rights in the technical data or computer software.
- (ii) The contractor has the exclusive right, including the right to license others, to use technical data or computer software in which the Government has obtained Government purpose rights under this contract, for any commercial purpose during the time period specified in paragraph (b)(1)(i) above and/or in the Government purpose rights legend prescribed by this clause.
- (iii) The Government shall have Government purpose rights in technical data or computer software delivered under this contract that:

- (A) Pertain to items, components, computer software, or processes developed with mixed funding, except when the Government is entitled to unlimited rights;
- (B) Were created with mixed funding in the performance of a contract that does not specifically require the development, manufacture, construction, or production of items, components, computer software, or processes;
- (C) The contractor has previously or is currently providing with Government purpose rights under another Government contract; or
- (D) The parties have agreed shall be delivered with Government purpose rights.

- (iv) The Government may release the technical data or computer software to any third party as described in paragraph (b) (1) above if:

- (A) The receiving development contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses *Protection of Information*, and *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*;
- (B) The receiving support contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses *Support Contractor Corporate Non-Disclosure Agreement*, and *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*. When clause *Support Contractor Corporate Non-Disclosure Agreement* is used, additional non-disclosure, confidentiality, proprietary information, or similar agreements may be required by the owner of the technical data or computer software, but only on an exception basis, e.g., when such third party is or may be a direct competitor of the owner of the technical data or computer software. In the event an additional agreement is deemed necessary, the Contracting Officer shall be notified prior to its execution.
- (C) The Government and contractor agree to cooperate to ensure that execution of any additional agreements shall not delay or inhibit performance of this contract. Such agreements shall not otherwise restrict any rights due the Government under this contract;

(2) *Limited rights* means the rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose technical data, in whole or in part, within the Government.

- (i) The Government may not, without the written permission of the party asserting limited rights, release or disclose the technical data outside the Government, use the technical data for manufacture, or authorize the technical data to be used by another party, except that the Government may reproduce, release, or disclose such data, or authorize the use or reproduction of the data by persons outside the Government if such reproduction, release, disclosure, or use is:

(A) Necessary for emergency repair and overhaul. In each instance of disclosure outside the Government, the Government shall:

- (I) Prohibit the further reproduction, release, or disclosure of such technical data;
- (II) Notify the party who has granted limited rights that such reproduction or use by, or release or disclosure to particular contractors or subcontractors is necessary;

(III) Insert

Protection of Information, and Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends, into the contractual arrangement with the receiving development contractors;

(IV) Insert clause *Support Contractor Corporate Non-Disclosure Agreement, and Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*, into the contractual arrangement with the receiving support contractor(s). An additional non-disclosure, confidentiality, proprietary information, or similar agreement may be required by the owner of the technical data, but only on an exception basis, e.g., when such third party is or may be a direct competitor of the owner of the technical data. In the event an additional agreement is deemed necessary, the Contracting Officer shall be notified prior to its execution; and

(V) Require the recipient of limited rights technical data necessary for emergency repair or overhaul to destroy such technical data and any copies in its possession promptly following completion of the emergency repair/overhaul, and to notify the contractor that it has been destroyed; or

(B) Is in the interest of the Government when a release or disclosure of technical data (other than detailed manufacturing or process data) to, or use of such data by, a foreign government is required for evaluation or information purposes, and is subject to a prohibition on further release, disclosure, or use of the technical data.

(ii) The Government and the contractor agree to cooperate to ensure that execution of necessary NDAs shall not delay or inhibit performance of this contract. Said agreements shall not otherwise restrict any rights due the Government under this contract.

(iii) Except as otherwise provided under paragraphs (b) (6) (i)-(xi), the Government shall have limited rights in technical data delivered under this contract that:

(A) Pertain to items, components, or processes developed exclusively at private expense and marked with the limited rights legends prescribed by this clause;

(B) Created exclusively at private expense in the performance of a contract that does not require the development, manufacture, construction, or production of items, components, or processes; or

(C) The parties have agreed shall be delivered with limited rights.

(iv) The contractor and its subcontractors are not required to provide the Government additional rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, or display, technical data furnished to the Government with limited rights. However, if the Government desires to obtain additional rights in technical data in which it has limited rights, the contractor agrees to promptly enter into negotiations with the Contracting Officer to determine whether there are acceptable terms for transferring such rights. All technical data in which the contractor has granted the Government additional rights shall be listed or described in a license agreement made part of the contract. The license shall enumerate the additional rights granted the Government in such items.

(3) *Prior Government rights* means that technical data or computer software that will be delivered, furnished, or otherwise provided to the Government under this contract, in which the Government has previously obtained rights shall be delivered, furnished, or provided with the pre-existing rights, unless—

(i) The parties have agreed otherwise; or

(ii) Any restrictions on the Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose the data have expired or no longer apply.

(4) *Restricted rights* apply only to non-commercial computer software, and means the Government's rights to:

(i) Use a computer program with one computer at one time. The program may not be accessed by more than one terminal or central processing unit or time-shared unless otherwise permitted by this contract;

- (ii) Transfer a computer program to another Government agency without the further permission of the contractor if the transferor destroys all copies of the program and related computer software documentation in its possession and notifies the licensor of the transfer. Transferred programs remain subject to the provisions of this clause;
- (iii) Make the minimum number of copies of the computer software required for safekeeping (archive), backup, or modification purposes;
- (iv) Modify computer software, provided that the Government may—
 - (A) Use the modified software only as provided in paragraphs (b) (4) (i) and (iii) of this clause; and
 - (B) Not release or disclose the modified software except as provided in paragraphs (b) (4) (ii), (v) and (vi) of this clause;
- (v) Permit contractors or subcontractors performing service contracts in support of this or a related contract to use computer software to diagnose and correct deficiencies in a computer program, to modify computer software to enable a computer program to be combined with, adapted to, or merged with other computer programs, or when necessary to respond to urgent tactical situations, provided that—
 - (A) The Government notifies the party which has granted restricted rights that a release or disclosure to particular contractors or subcontractors is necessary;
 - (B) The receiving development contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to *Protection of Information*, and *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*;
 - (C) The receiving support contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses *Support Contractor Corporate Non-Disclosure Agreement*, and *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*. When clause *Support Contractor Corporate Non-Disclosure Agreement* is used, additional non-disclosure, confidentiality, proprietary information, or similar agreements may be required by the owner of the technical data or computer software, but only on an exception basis, e.g., when such third party is or may be a direct competitor of the owner of the technical data or computer software. In the event an additional agreement is deemed necessary, the Contracting Officer shall be notified prior to its execution.
 - (D) The Government and contractor agree to cooperate to ensure that execution of any additional agreements shall not delay or inhibit performance of this contract. Such agreements shall not otherwise restrict any rights due the Government under this contract;
 - (E) The Government shall not permit the recipient to decompile, disassemble, or reverse engineer the software, or use software decompiled, disassembled, or reverse engineered by the Government pursuant to paragraph (b)(4)(iv) of this clause, for any other purpose; and
 - (F) Such use is subject to the limitation in paragraph (b) (4) (i) of this clause.
- (vi) Permit contractors or subcontractors performing emergency repairs or overhaul of items or components of items procured under this or a related contract to use the computer software when necessary to perform the repairs or overhaul, or to modify the computer software to reflect the repairs or overhaul made, provided that—
 - (A) The receiving development contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses *Protection of Information*, and *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*;
 - (B) The receiving support contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses *Support Contractor Corporate Non-Disclosure Agreement*, and *Limitations on the*

Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends. When clause *Support Contractor Corporate Non-Disclosure Agreement* is used, additional non-disclosure, confidentiality, proprietary information, or similar agreements may be required by the owner of the technical data or computer software, but only on an exception basis, e.g., when such third party is or may be a direct competitor of the owner of the technical data or computer software. In the event an additional agreement is deemed necessary, the Contracting Officer shall be notified prior to its execution.

(C) The Government and contractor agree to cooperate to ensure that execution of any additional agreements shall not delay or inhibit performance of this contract. Such agreements shall not otherwise restrict any rights due the Government under this contract.

(D) The Government shall not permit the recipient to decompile, disassemble, or reverse engineer the software, or use software decompiled, disassembled, or reverse engineered by the Government pursuant to paragraph (b)(4)(iv) of this clause, for any other purpose.

(vii) The Government shall have restricted rights in noncommercial computer software required to be delivered or otherwise provided to the Government under this contract that was developed exclusively at private expense.

(viii) The contractor, its subcontractors, or suppliers are not required to provide the Government additional rights in noncommercial computer software delivered or otherwise provided to the Government with restricted rights. However, if the Government desires to obtain additional rights in such software, the contractor agrees to promptly enter into negotiations with the Contracting Officer to determine whether there are acceptable terms for transferring such rights. All noncommercial computer software in which the contractor has granted the Government additional rights shall be listed or described in a license agreement made part of the contract (see paragraph (b)(5) of this clause). The license shall enumerate the additional rights granted the Government.

(5) *Specifically negotiated license rights* means a license granted by the contractor wherein the standard license rights granted to the Government under paragraphs (b)(1), (2), (3), (4), and (6), including the period during which the Government shall have government purpose rights in technical data or computer software, are modified by mutual agreement to provide such rights as the parties consider appropriate, but does not provide the Government lesser rights than limited rights for technical data or restricted rights for computer software unless mutually agreed by the contracting parties. Any rights so negotiated shall be identified in a license agreement made part of the contract.

(6) *Unlimited rights* means the rights to use, modify, reproduce, perform, display, release, or disclose technical data and computer software in whole or in part, in any manner and for any purpose whatsoever, and to have or authorize others to do so. The Government shall have unlimited rights in:

- (i) Technical data pertaining to an item, component, or process, or pertaining to software code or a software program that has been or will be developed exclusively with Government funds;
- (ii) Computer software developed exclusively with Government funds;
- (iii) Form, fit, and function data;
- (iv) Technical data that is necessary for installation, operation, maintenance, or training purposes (other than detailed manufacturing or process data);
- (v) Studies, analyses, test data, or similar data when the study, analysis, test, or similar work was specified as an element of performance;
- (vi) Computer software documentation required to be delivered under this contract;
- (vii) Technical data created exclusively with Government funds in the performance of a contract that does not require the development, manufacture, construction, or production of items, components, or processes;

(viii) Corrections or changes to technical data or computer software furnished by the Government;

(ix) Technical data or computer software that is otherwise publicly available or has been released or disclosed by the contractor or subcontractor without restriction on the further use, release or disclosure, other than a release or disclosure resulting from the sale, transfer, or other assignment of interest in the technical data or computer software to another party, or the sale or transfer of some or all of a business entity or its assets to another party;

(x) Technical data or computer software in which the Government has obtained unlimited rights under another Government contract or as a result of negotiations;

(xi) Technical data or computer software furnished to the Government under this or any other Government contract or subcontract thereunder, with Government purpose rights, limited rights, or restricted rights, and the restrictive condition(s) has/have expired, or the Government purpose rights and the contractor's exclusive right to use such data for commercial purposes have expired.

(c) For business data marked as proprietary or with similar legends, the Government may duplicate, use, and disclose such data within the Government solely for evaluation, verification, validation, reporting, and program monitoring and management purposes in connection with this contract. The Government may disclose such business data to its support contractors identified in clause *Enabling Clause for Prime and Support Contractor Relationships*, for these same purposes if and when:

(1) The receiving development contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses *Protection of Information*, and *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*;

(2) The receiving support contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses *Support Contractor Corporate Non-Disclosure Agreement*, and *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*. When clause *Support Contractor Corporate Non-Disclosure Agreement* is used, additional non-disclosure, confidentiality, proprietary information, or similar agreement may be required by the owner of the business data, but only on an exception basis, e.g., when such third party is or may be a direct competitor of the owner of the technical data or computer software. In the event an additional agreement is deemed necessary, the Contracting Officer shall be notified prior to its execution.

(i) The Government and contractor agree to cooperate to ensure that execution of any additional agreements shall not delay or inhibit performance of this contract. Such agreements shall not otherwise restrict any rights due the Government under this contract;

(d) Other Information That Cannot Easily Be Categorized. For information that cannot easily be categorized as technical data or business data (e.g., program schedules, Earned Value Management System reports, and program management reports), and is of sufficient detail to show a contractor's confidential business practices, shall be identified before or as soon as practicable after contract award. The parties will agree as to the parties' rights and obligations in such data and how it is to be marked, handled, used, and disclosed to third parties. Such agreement shall be in writing, attached to, and made a part of the contract.

(e) Release from Liability. The contractor agrees to release the Government from liability for any release or disclosure of technical data and computer software made in accordance with this clause, in accordance with the terms of a license per this clause, or by others to whom the recipient has released or disclosed the data, and to seek relief solely from the party who has improperly used, modified, reproduced, released, performed, displayed, or disclosed contractor data marked with restrictive legends.

(f) Rights in Derivative Computer Software or Computer Software Documentation. The Government shall retain its rights in the unchanged portions of any computer software or computer software documentation delivered under this contract that the contractor uses to prepare, or includes in, derivative computer software or computer software documentation.

(g) Contractor Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software. The contractor retains all rights not granted to the Government.

(h) Third Party Copyrights. The contractor shall not, without the written approval of the Contracting Officer, incorporate any copyrighted data in the technical data and computer software to be delivered under this contract unless the contractor is the copyright owner or has obtained for the Government the license rights necessary to perfect a license or licenses of the appropriate scope as defined in paragraphs (b)(1), (2), (4) and (6) of this clause, and has affixed a statement of the license or licenses obtained on behalf of the Government and other persons to the technical data and computer software transmittal document.

(i) Assertions of Other than Unlimited Rights.

(1) This paragraph does not apply to restrictions based solely on copyright.

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (i)(3) of this clause, technical data and/or computer software that the contractor asserts should be furnished to the Government with restrictions on use, release, or disclosure are identified in an attachment to this contract (the "Attachment"). The contractor shall not deliver any technical data or computer software with restrictive markings unless the technical data or computer software is listed in the Attachment.

(3) The contractor may make other assertions of other than unlimited rights in technical data and/or computer software after contract award. Such assertions must be based on new information or inadvertent omission unless the inadvertent omission would have materially affected the source selection decision in the reasonable determination of the Contracting Officer (in which case no assertion based on an inadvertent omission may be allowed).

(4) The contractor shall submit such post-contract award assertion(s) to the Contracting Officer as soon as practicable but prior to the scheduled date for delivery of the technical data or computer software. All new assertions submitted after award shall be added to the Attachment in a timely fashion after submission of the assertion to the Contracting Officer. An official authorized to contractually obligate the contractor must sign the assertion(s). The contractor assertion(s) shall include the information specified in paragraph (d) of clause *Identification and Assertion of Use, Release, or Disclosure Restrictions*.

(5) The Contracting Officer may request the contractor to provide sufficient information to enable the Government to evaluate the contractor's assertion(s). The Contracting Officer reserves the right to add the contractor's assertions to the Attachment and validate any listed assertion at a later date in accordance with the procedures outlined in clause *Validation of Restrictive Markings on Technical Data and Computer Software*.

(j) Marking Requirements for Delivered Technical Data or Computer Software. The contractor may only assert restrictions on the Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose technical data and computer software delivered to the Government by marking such technical data and computer software. Such markings shall be in the form of legends found in paragraphs (k)(1) through (4), or as otherwise authorized in this contract, (e.g., pursuant to an agreement for the marking of mixed data pursuant to paragraph (d) of this clause). The notice of copyright prescribed under 17 U.S.C. §401 or §402 (with language, if applicable, noting that the Government contributed funding and therefore has rights in the copyrighted material as specified in clause *Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software: Noncommercial Items* is also allowed.

(k) General Marking Instructions. The contractor shall conspicuously and legibly mark the appropriate legend on all technical data and computer software that qualify for such markings. The authorized legends shall be placed on the transmittal document or storage container and, for printed material, on the title/cover page of the printed material containing technical data or computer software for which restrictions are asserted. Mark each subsequent sheet of data with an abbreviated marking(s) to indicate the applicable restrictive rights assertion(s), and refer to the title/cover page for additional information. When only portions of a page of printed material are subject to the asserted restrictions, such portions shall be identified by circling, underscoring, annotating, or other appropriate identifier. Technical data and computer software transmitted directly from one computer or computer terminal to another shall contain a notice of asserted restrictions. Reproductions of technical data and computer software, or any portions thereof subject to asserted restrictions, shall also reproduce the asserted restrictions.

(1) Government Purpose Rights Markings. Technical data or computer software delivered or otherwise furnished to the Government with Government purpose rights shall be marked as follows:

Government Purpose Rights

Contract No: _____
 Contractor Name: _____
 Contractor Address: _____
 Expiration Date: _____

The Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose these technical data and computer software are restricted by paragraph (b)(1) of clause *Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software: Noncommercial Items*, contained in the contract identified above. No restrictions apply after the expiration date shown above. Any reproduction of technical data or computer software, or portions thereof marked with this legend, must also reproduce the markings.

(End of legend)

(2) Limited Rights Markings. Technical data delivered or otherwise furnished to the Government with limited rights shall be marked as follows:

Limited Rights

Contract No: _____
 Contractor Name: _____
 Contractor Address: _____

The Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose these technical data are restricted by paragraph (b)(2) of clause *Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software: Noncommercial Items*, contained in the contract identified above. Any reproduction of technical data, or portions thereof marked with this legend, must also reproduce the markings. Any person, other than Government officials or others specifically authorized by the Government, who has been provided access to this technical data must promptly notify the above-named contractor.

(End of legend)

(3) Restricted Rights Markings. Computer software delivered or otherwise furnished to the Government with restricted rights shall be marked with the following legend:

Restricted Rights

Contract No: _____
 Contractor Name: _____
 Contractor Address: _____

The Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose this computer software are restricted by paragraph (b)(4) of clause *Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software: Noncommercial Items*, contained in the contract identified above. Any reproduction of computer software or portions thereof marked with this legend must also reproduce the markings. Any person, other than the Government, who has been provided access to such computer software must promptly notify the above-named contractor.

(End of legend)

(4) Special License Rights Markings. Technical data and computer software in which the Government's rights stem from a specifically negotiated license shall be marked with the following legend:

Special License Rights

Contract No: _____
 Contractor Name: _____
 Contractor Address: _____

The Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose this data and/or software are restricted by _____ [*Insert license identifier*]. Any reproduction of technical data, computer software, or portions thereof marked with this legend must also reproduce the markings.

(End of legend)

(l) Pre-Existing Data Markings. If the terms of a prior contract or license permitted the contractor to restrict the Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose a technical data or computer software deliverable under this contract, and those restrictions are still applicable, the contractor may mark such technical data or computer software with the appropriate restrictive conforming legend for which the technical data or computer software qualified under the prior contract or license. The marking procedures in paragraphs (j) and (k) of this clause shall be followed.

(m) Removal of Unjustified Markings. Notwithstanding any other provision of this contract concerning inspection and acceptance, if any technical data or computer software delivered or otherwise provided under this contract are marked with the notices specified at (k)(1)-(4) of this clause, and the use of such is not authorized by this clause, the Government may ignore, or at the contractor's expense, correct or strike the marking if, in accordance with the procedures in clause *Validation of Restrictive Markings on Technical Data and Computer Software*, of this contract, the technical data or computer software is delivered or otherwise provided with a restrictive marking determined to be unjustified.

(n) Removal of Nonconforming Markings. A nonconforming marking is a marking placed on technical data or computer software delivered to the Government under this contract that is not in a format authorized by this contract. Correction of nonconforming markings is not subject to the *Validation of Restrictive Markings on Technical Data and Computer Software* clause of this contract. To the extent practicable, the Government shall return technical data or computer software marked with nonconforming markings to the contractor and provide the contractor an opportunity to correct or strike the nonconforming marking at no cost to the Government. If the contractor fails to correct the nonconforming marking and return the corrected technical data or computer software within 60 days following the contractor's receipt of the data, the Contracting Officer may ignore, or at the contractor's expense, remove, correct, or strike any nonconforming marking.

(o) Unmarked Technical Data or Computer Software. Technical data or computer software delivered to the Government under this contract without restrictive markings as set forth herein shall be presumed to have been delivered with unlimited rights and may be released or disclosed without restriction. However, to the extent the technical data or computer software has not been disclosed without restriction outside the Government, the contractor may request, within six months after delivery of such technical data or computer software (or a longer time approved by the Contracting Officer for good cause shown), permission to have notices placed on qualifying technical data or computer software at the contractor's expense, and the Contracting Officer may agree to do so if the contractor:

(1) Identifies the technical data or computer software on which the omitted notice is to be placed;

(2) Demonstrates that the omission of the notice was inadvertent;

(3) Establishes that the use of the proposed notice is authorized; and

(4) Acknowledges that the Government has no liability with respect to the disclosure, use, or reproduction of any such technical data or computer software made prior to the addition of the notice or resulting from the omission of the notice.

(p) Relation to Patents. Nothing contained in this clause shall imply a license to the Government under any patent, or be construed as affecting the scope of any license or other right otherwise granted to the Government under any patent.

(q) Limitation on Charges for Rights in Technical Data or Computer Software.

(1) The contractor shall not charge to this contract any cost, including but not limited to license fees, royalties, or similar charges, for rights in technical data or computer software to be delivered under this contract when—

(i) The Government has acquired, by any means, the same or greater rights in the technical data or computer software; or

(ii) The technical data or computer software is available to the public without restrictions.

(2) The limitation in paragraph (q) (1) of this clause—

(i) Includes costs charged by a subcontractor or supplier, at any tier, or costs incurred by the contractor to acquire rights in subcontractor or supplier technical data or computer software if the subcontractor or supplier has been paid for such rights under any other Government contract or under a license conveying the rights to the Government; and

(ii) Does not include the reasonable costs of reproducing, handling, or mailing the documents or other media in which the technical data or computer software will be delivered.

(r) Applicability to Subcontractors or Suppliers.

(1) The contractor shall ensure that the rights afforded its subcontractors and suppliers under 10 U.S.C. §2320, 10 U.S.C. §2321, and the identification, assertion, and delivery processes of paragraph (i) of this clause are recognized and protected.

(2) Whenever any technical data or computer software for noncommercial items is to be obtained from a subcontractor or supplier for delivery to the Government under this contract, the contractor shall flow down this clause to all of its subcontractors, vendors or suppliers (at any tier), and require its subcontractors, vendors, or suppliers to do so, without alteration, except to identify the parties. No other clause shall be used to enlarge or diminish the Government's, the contractor's, or a higher-tier subcontractor's or supplier's rights in a subcontractor's or supplier's technical data or computer software.

(3) Technical data or computer software required to be delivered by a subcontractor or supplier shall normally be delivered to the next higher-tier contractor, subcontractor, or supplier. However, when there is a requirement in the prime contract for technical data or computer software which may be submitted with other than unlimited rights by a subcontractor or supplier, then said subcontractor or supplier may fulfill its requirement by submitting such technical data or computer software directly to the Government, rather than through a higher-tier contractor, subcontractor, or supplier.

(4) The contractor and higher-tier subcontractors or suppliers shall not use their power to award contracts as economic leverage to obtain rights in technical data or computer software from their subcontractors or suppliers.

(5) In no event shall the contractor use its obligation to recognize and protect subcontractor or supplier rights in technical data or computer software as an excuse for failing to satisfy its contractual obligation to the Government.

12. VALIDATION OF RESTRICTIVE MARKINGS ON TECHNICAL DATA AND COMPUTER SOFTWARE (FEB 201

This clause applies to Seller's delivery of technical data or computer software except for commercial items or commercial components.

(a) The Government shall presume that a contractor's asserted use or release restrictions are justified on the basis that the item (to include computer software), component, or process was developed exclusively at private expense for commercial items as defined in FAR Part 12. The Government will not challenge such assertions unless information the Government demonstrates that the item, component, or process was not developed exclusively at private expense.

(b) Justification. The contractor is responsible for maintaining records sufficient to justify the validity of its markings that restrictions on the Government's right to use, modify, reproduce, perform, display, release, or disclose technical data or computer software delivered or required to be delivered under the contract or subcontract. Except for commercial items, the contractor shall be prepared to furnish to the Contracting Officer a written justification for such restrictive markings in response to a challenge under paragraph (e) of this clause.

(c) Pre-challenge Request for Information.

(1) The Contracting Officer may request the contractor to furnish a written explanation for any restriction asserted by the contractor on the right of the United States to use, or authorize use of, technical data or computer software. If, upon review of the explanation submitted, the Contracting Officer remains unable to ascertain the basis of the restrictive marking, the Contracting Officer may further request the contractor to furnish additional information in the records of, or otherwise in the possession of or reasonably available to, the contractor to justify the validity of any restrictive marking on technical data or computer software, accompanied with supporting documentation. The contractor shall submit such written data within a reasonable time after it is

requested by the Contracting Officer.

(2) If the Contracting Officer, after reviewing the written data furnished pursuant to paragraph (c)(1) of this clause, or any other available information pertaining to the validity of a restrictive marking, determines that reasonable grounds exist to question the current validity of the marking, and that continued adherence to the marking would make impracticable the subsequent competitive acquisition of the item, component, or process to which the technical data or computer software relates, the Contracting Officer shall follow the procedures in paragraph (d) of this clause.

(3) If the contractor fails to respond to the Contracting Officer's request for information under paragraph (c) (1) of this clause, and the Contracting Officer determines that continued adherence to the marking would make impracticable the subsequent competitive acquisition of the item, component, or process to which the technical data or computer software relates, the Contracting Officer may challenge the validity of the marking as described in paragraph (d) of this clause.

(d) Challenge.

(1) Notwithstanding any provision of this contract concerning inspection and acceptance, if the Contracting Officer determines that a challenge to the restrictive marking is warranted, the Contracting Officer shall send a written challenge notice to the contractor or subcontractor asserting the restrictive markings. Such challenge shall:

(i) State the specific grounds for challenging the asserted restriction;

(ii) Require a response within sixty (60) days justifying and providing sufficient evidence as to the current validity of the asserted restriction;

(iii) State that a Contracting Officer's final decision, issued pursuant to paragraph (f) of this clause, sustaining the validity of a restrictive marking identical to the asserted restriction, within the three-year period preceding the challenge, shall serve as justification for the asserted restriction if the validated restriction was asserted by the same contractor or subcontractor (or any licensee of such contractor or subcontractor to which such notice is being provided); and

(iv) State that failure to respond to the challenge notice may result in issuance of a final decision pursuant to paragraph (e) of this clause.

(2) The Contracting Officer shall extend the time for response if the contractor or subcontractor submits a written request showing the need for additional time to prepare a response.

(3) The contractor's or subcontractor's written response shall be considered a claim within the meaning of the Contract Disputes Act of 1978, and shall be certified in the form prescribed at FAR Subpart 33.207, regardless of dollar amount.

(4) A contractor or subcontractor receiving challenges to the same restrictive markings from more than one Contracting Officer shall notify each Contracting Officer of the existence of more than one challenge. The notice shall also state which Contracting Officer initiated the first unanswered challenge. The Contracting Officer initiating the first unanswered challenge after consultation with the contractor and the other Contracting Officers, shall formulate and distribute a schedule for responding to each of the challenge notices to all interested parties. The schedule shall afford the contractor an opportunity to respond to each challenge notice. All parties will be bound by this schedule.

(e) Final Decision When Contractor or Subcontractor Fails to Respond. When a contractor or subcontractor fails to respond to a challenge notice, other than a failure to respond to a challenge related to a commercial item, the Contracting Officer will issue a final decision to the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with the *Disputes* clause of this contract pertaining to the validity of the asserted restriction. This final decision shall be issued as soon as possible after the expiration of the time period of paragraph (d)(1)(ii) or (d)(2) of this clause. Following issuance of the final decision, the Contracting Officer will comply with the procedures in paragraphs (f) (2) (ii) through (iv) of this clause.

(f) Final Decision When the Contractor Responds.

(1) If the Contracting Officer determines that the contractor or subcontractor has justified the validity of the restrictive marking, the Contracting Officer shall issue a final decision to the contractor or subcontractor sustaining the validity of the restrictive marking, and stating that the Government will continue to be bound by the restrictive marking. This final decision shall be issued within sixty (60) days after receipt of the contractor's or subcontractor's response to the challenge notice, or within such longer period that the Contracting Officer has notified the contractor or subcontractor that the Government will require. The notification of a longer period will be made within sixty (60) days after receipt of the response to the challenge notice.

(2)

(i) If the Contracting Officer determines that the validity of the restrictive marking is not justified, the Contracting Officer shall issue a final decision to the contractor or subcontractor in accordance with the *Disputes* clause of this contract. Notwithstanding paragraph (e) of the *Disputes* clause, the final decision shall be issued within sixty (60) days after receipt of the contractor's or subcontractor's response to the challenge notice, or within such longer period that the Contracting Officer has notified the contractor or subcontractor that the Government will require. The notification of a longer period will be made within sixty (60) days after receipt of the response to the challenge notice.

(ii) The Government agrees that it will continue to be bound by the restrictive marking for ninety (90) days from the issuance of the Contracting Officer's final decision. The contractor agrees that if it intends to file suit in the United States Claims Court, it will provide a notice of intent to file suit to the Contracting Officer within ninety (90) days from the issuance of the Contracting Officer's final decision under paragraph (f)(2)(i) of this clause. If the contractor fails to appeal, file suit, or provide a notice of intent to file suit to the Contracting Officer within the ninety-day period, the Government may cancel or ignore the restrictive markings, and the failure of the contractor to take the required action constitutes agreement with the Contracting Officer's final decision.

(iii) The Government agrees that it will continue to be bound by the restrictive marking where a notice of intent to file suit in the United States Claims Court is provided to the Contracting Officer within ninety (90) days from the issuance of the final decision under paragraph (f)(2)(i) of this clause. The Government will no longer be bound, and the contractor agrees that the Government may strike or ignore the restrictive markings, if the contractor fails to file its suit within one (1) year after issuance of the Contracting Officer final decision. Notwithstanding the foregoing, where the Government agency's Director, Office of Contracts determines that urgent or compelling circumstances will not permit waiting for the filing of a suit in the United States Claims Court, the contractor agrees that the Government may, following notice to the contractor, authorize release or disclosure of the technical data or computer software. Such determination may be made at any time after issuance of the Contracting Officer final decision, and will not affect the contractor's right to damages against the United States where its restrictive markings are ultimately upheld, or to pursue other relief, if any, as may be provided by law.

(iv) The Government agrees that it will be bound by the restrictive marking where an appeal or suit is filed pursuant to the Contract Disputes Act until final disposition by an agency Board of Contract Appeals or the United States Claims Court. Notwithstanding the foregoing, where the Government agency's Director, Office of Contracts determines, following notice to the contractor that urgent or compelling circumstances will not permit awaiting the decision by such Board of Contract Appeals or the United States Claims Court, the contractor agrees that the Government may authorize release or disclosure of the technical data or computer software. Such determination may be made at any time after issuance of the final decision and will not affect the contractor's right to damages against the United States where its restrictive markings are ultimately upheld, or to pursue other relief, if any, as may be provided by law.

(g) Final Disposition of Appeal or Suit.

(1) If the contractor or subcontractor appeals or files suit, and if, upon final disposition of the appeal or suit, the Contracting Officer's decision is sustained:

(i) The restrictive marking on the technical data or computer software shall be struck, canceled, ignored,

or corrected at the contractor's or subcontractor's expense; and

(ii) If the restrictive marking is found not to be substantially justified, the contractor or subcontractor asserting the restriction shall be liable to the Government for payment of the cost to the Government of reviewing the restrictive marking and the fees and other expenses (as defined in 28 U.S.C. §2412(d)(2)(A)) incurred by the Government in challenging the marking, unless special circumstances would make such payment unjust.

(2) If the contractor or subcontractor appeals or files suit, and if, upon final disposition of the appeal or suit, the Contracting Officer's decision is not sustained:

(i) The Government shall continue to be bound by the restrictive marking; and

(ii) The Government shall be liable to the contractor for payment of fees and other expenses (as defined in 28 U.S.C. §2412(d)(2)(A)) incurred by the contractor or subcontractor in defending the marking if the challenge by the Government is found not to have been made in good faith.

(h) Duration of Right to Challenge. The Government, when there are reasonable grounds, may review and challenge the validity of any restriction asserted by the contractor or subcontractor on the Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose technical data or computer software delivered, to be delivered, or otherwise provided by the Contractor or subcontractor in the performance of a contract. During the period within three (3) years of final payment on a contract, or within three (3) years of delivery of the technical data or computer software to the Government, whichever is later, the Contracting Officer may review and make a written determination to challenge any restriction. The Government may, however, challenge a restriction on the release, disclosure, or use of technical data or computer software at any time if such technical data or computer software:

(1) Is publicly available;

(2) Has been furnished to the United States without restriction; or

(3) Has been otherwise made available without restriction.

(i) Decision Not to Challenge. The absence of a challenge to an asserted restriction shall not constitute "validation" under this clause. Only the Contracting Officer's final decision resolving a formal challenge by sustaining the validity of a restrictive marking, or actions of an agency Board of Contract Appeals or a court of competent jurisdiction sustaining the assertion, constitutes "validation" as addressed in 10 U.S.C. §2321.

(j) Privity of Contract. The contractor or subcontractor agrees that the Contracting Officer may transact matters under this clause directly with subcontractors at any tier that assert restrictive markings or assert restrictions on the Government's right to use, modify, release, perform, display, or disclose technical data or computer software. However, neither this clause nor any action taken by the Government under this clause shall create or imply privity of contract between the Government and subcontractors.

(k) Flowdown. The contractor or subcontractor agrees to insert this clause in contractual instruments with its subcontractors or suppliers at any tier requiring the delivery of technical data or computer software, except contractual instruments for commercial items or commercial components.

13. IDENTIFICATION AND ASSERTION OF USE, RELEASE, OR DISCLOSURE RESTRICTIONS (JUL 2018)

(a) The terms used in this clause are defined in the *Technical Data and Computer Software: Noncommercial Items* clause contained in this contract.

(b) The identification and assertion requirements in this clause apply to technical data and computer software to be delivered with other than unlimited rights. Notification and identification is not required for restrictions based solely on copyright.

(c) Offers submitted in response to this solicitation shall identify, to the extent known at the time an offer is submitted to the Government, the technical data or computer software that the offeror, its subcontractors or suppliers, or potential subcontractors or suppliers, assert should be furnished to the Government with restrictions on use, release, or disclosure.

(d) The contractor’s assertions, including the assertions of its subcontractors or suppliers, shall be submitted as an attachment to its offer/proposal in the following format, dated and signed by an official authorized to contractually obligate the contractor:

Identification and Assertion of Restrictions on the Government's Use, Release, or Disclosure of Technical Data or Computer Software

The contractor asserts for itself, or the person identified below asserts that the Government's rights to use, release, or disclose the following technical data or computer software should be restricted:

Technical Data or Computer Software to Be Furnished With Restrictions (1)	Basis for Assertion (2)	Asserted Rights Category (3)	Name of Person Asserting Restrictions (4)
(LIST)=	(LIST)	(LIST)	(LIST)

(1) For technical data (other than computer software documentation) pertaining to items, components, or processes developed at private expense, identify both the deliverable technical data and each such item, component, or process (to include document titles, version numbers, and dates for clarity). For computer software or computer software documentation, identify the software or documentation (to include document and software titles, version numbers, and dates for clarity).

(2) Generally, development at private expense, either exclusively or partially, is the only basis for asserting restrictions. For technical data, other than computer software documentation, development refers to development of the item, component, or process to which the data pertain. The Government's rights in computer software documentation generally may not be restricted. For computer software, development refers to the software. Indicate whether development was accomplished exclusively or partially at private expense. If development was not accomplished at private expense, or for computer software documentation, enter the specific basis for asserting restrictions.

(3) Enter the asserted rights category (e.g., Government purpose license rights from a prior contract, limited, restricted, or Government purpose rights under this or a prior contract, or specially negotiated licenses).

(4) Identify the corporation, individual, or other person, as appropriate.

(5) Enter “None” when all data or software will be submitted without restrictions.

Date: _____
 Printed Name and Title: _____
 Signature: _____
 (End of identification and assertion)

(e) A contractor’s failure to submit, complete, or sign the notification and identification required by paragraph (d) of this provision with its offer will constitute a minor informality. If assertions are required and the contractor does not correct such informality within the time prescribed by the Contracting Officer, the offer may be ineligible for award.

(f) If the contractor is awarded a contract, the assertions identified in paragraph (d) of this provision shall be included in an attachment (the Attachment) and incorporated as a separate attachment in the resultant contract. Upon request by the Contracting Officer, the contractor shall provide sufficient information to enable the Contracting Officer to evaluate any listed assertion. Updates to the assertion list shall be included in an amended Attachment.

14. LIMITATIONS ON THE USE OR DISCLOSURE OF GOVERNMENT-FURNISHED INFORMATION MARKED WITH RESTRICTIVE LEGENDS (JUL 2018)

(a) The terms “limited rights,” “restricted rights,” “special license rights,” and “Government purpose rights” are defined in the *Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software: Noncommercial Items* clause of this contract.

(b) Technical data or computer software provided to the contractor as Government-furnished information (GFI) under this contract may be subject to restrictions on use, modification, reproduction, release, performance, display, or further disclosure.

(1) GFI Marked with Limited or Restricted Rights Legends. The contractor shall use, modify, reproduce, perform, or display technical data received from the Government with limited rights legends, or computer software received with restricted rights legends only in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall not, without the express written permission of the party whose name appears in the legend, release or disclose such data or software to any unauthorized person. Prior to providing limited rights technical data or restricted rights computer software as GFI, the Government shall ensure that:

(i) The receiving development contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses *Protection of Information*, and *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*; and

(ii) The receiving support contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses *Support Contractor Corporate Non-Disclosure Agreement*, and *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*.

(2) GFI Marked with Government Purpose Rights Legends. The contractor shall use technical data or computer software received from the Government with Government purpose rights legends for Government purposes only. The contractor shall not, without the express written permission of the party whose name appears in the restrictive legend, use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, or display such technical data or computer software for any commercial purpose, or disclose such data or software to a person other than its subcontractors, suppliers, or prospective subcontractors or suppliers who require the data or software to submit offers for, or perform, contracts under this contract. Prior to disclosing the data or software, the contractor shall coordinate with the Contracting Officer before requiring the persons to whom disclosure will be made to complete and sign non-disclosure agreements including the same limitations included in this paragraph.

(3) GFI Marked with Special License Rights Legends. The contractor shall use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, or display technical data or computer software received from the Government with specially negotiated license legends only as permitted in the license. Such data or software may not be released or disclosed to other persons unless permitted by the license.

(4) GFI technical data or computer software marked with commercial restrictive legends. (i) The contractor shall use, modify, reproduce, perform, display technical data and/or computer software that is or pertains to a commercial item and is received from the Government with a commercial restrictive legend (i.e. marked to indicate that such data are subject to use, modification, reproduction, release, performance, display, or disclosure restrictions) only in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall not, without the express written permission of the party whose name appears in the legend, use the technical data to manufacture additional quantities of the commercial items, release or disclose such data to any unauthorized person. Prior to providing technical data or computer software marked with commercial restrictive legends, the Government shall ensure that:

(A) The receiving development contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses *Protection of Information*, and *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*; and

(B) The receiving support contractor(s) or subcontractor(s) contract arrangements are subject to clauses *Support Contractor Corporate Non-Disclosure Agreement*, and *Limitations on the Use or Disclosure of Government-Furnished Information Marked with Restrictive Legends*.

(c) Indemnification and Creation of Third Party Beneficiary Rights. The contractor agrees:

(1) To indemnify and hold harmless the Government, its agents, and employees from every claim or liability, including attorneys fees, court costs, and expenses, arising out of, or in any way related to, the misuse or unauthorized modification, reproduction, release, performance, display, or disclosure of technical data or computer software received from the Government with restrictive legends by the contractor or any person to

whom the contractor has released or disclosed such data or software; and

(2) That the party whose name appears on the restrictive legend, in addition to any other rights it may have, is a third party beneficiary who has the right of direct action against the contractor, or any person to whom the contractor has released or disclosed such data or software, for the unauthorized duplication, release, or disclosure of technical data or computer software subject to restrictive legends.

15. TECHNICAL DATA OR COMPUTER SOFTWARE PREVIOUSLY DELIVERED TO THE GOVERNMENT (OCT 2015)

The contractor shall attach to its offer an identification of all documents or other media incorporating technical data or computer software it intends to deliver under this contract with other than unlimited rights that are identical or substantially similar to documents or other media that the contractor has produced for, delivered to, or is obligated to deliver to the Government under any contract or subcontract. This requirement shall be flowed down to all subcontractors at all levels. The attachment shall identify:

- (a) The contract number under which the technical data or computer software was produced;
- (b) The contract number under which, and the name and address of the organization to whom, the technical data or computer software was most recently delivered or will be delivered; and
- (c) Any limitations on the Government's right to use or disclose the technical data or computer software, including, when applicable, identification of the earliest date the limitations expire.

16. RIGHTS IN BID OR PROPOSAL INFORMATION (JUL 2018)

(a) Definitions. The terms "technical data" and "computer software" are defined in the *Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software: Noncommercial Items* clause of this contract.

(b) Government Rights prior to Contract Award. By submission of its offer, the offeror agrees that the Government:

(1) May reproduce the bid or proposal, or any portions thereof, to the extent necessary to evaluate the offer.

(2) Except as provided in paragraph (d) of this clause, shall use information contained in the bid or proposal only for evaluational purposes and shall not disclose, directly or indirectly, such information to any person, including potential evaluators, unless that person has been authorized by the Contracting Officer to receive such information.

(c) Government Rights Subsequent to Contract Award. The contractor agrees:

(1) Except as provided in paragraphs (c)(2), (d), and (e) of this clause, the Government shall have the rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose information contained in the contractor's bid or proposal within the Government.

(2) The Government's right to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose information that is technical data or computer software required to be delivered under this contract are determined by the *Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software: Noncommercial Items* clause of this contract.

(d) Government-Furnished Information. The Government's rights with respect to technical data or computer software contained in the contractor's bid or proposal provided to the contractor by the Government are subject only to restrictions on use, modification, reproduction, release, performance, display, or disclosure, if any, imposed by the developer or licensor of such data or software.

(e) Information Available Without Restrictions. The Government's rights to use, modify, reproduce, release, perform, display, or disclose information contained in a bid or proposal, including technical data or computer software, and to permit others to do so, shall not be restricted in any manner if such information has been released or disclosed to the Government or to other persons without restrictions other than a release or disclosure resulting from the sale, transfer, or other assignment of interest in the information to another party, or the sale or transfer of some or all of a business entity or

its assets to another party.

(f) Flowdown. The contractor shall include this clause in all subcontracts or similar contractual instruments, and require its subcontractors or suppliers to do so without alteration, except to identify the parties.

17. COMMERCIAL TECHNICAL DATA AND COMPUTER SOFTWARE LICENSING—ORDER OF PRECEDENCE (OCT 2014)

(a) Upon delivery of any commercial item technical data, computer software, computer software documentation, or any combination thereof, to the Government contained in any CLIN or CDRL, the following provisions shall take precedence over conflicting provisions in any license associated with those items, notwithstanding any provisions in those licenses to the contrary through renewals or extensions, as needed, to this contract:

(1) The Government shall have the right to use, perform, display, or disclose that commercial item technical data, in whole or in part, within the Government.

(2) The Government may not, without the written permission of the Licensor, release or disclose the commercial item technical data and commercial computer software outside the Government, use the commercial item technical data and computer software for manufacture, or authorize the commercial item technical data and computer software to be used by another party, except that the Government may reproduce, release, or disclose such data and software or authorize the use or reproduction of such data and software by persons outside the Government (including their subcontractors) to perform their respective contract(s) as identified in Enabling Clause for Prime and Support Contractor Relationships.

(3) The Licensor agrees that the Government shall have the right to unilaterally add or delete contractors from those supporting the TBD] contract at any time, and its exercise of that right shall not entitle the Licensor to an equitable adjustment or a modification of any other terms and conditions of this contract.

(4) The duration of this license shall be, at a minimum, for the period of performance of this contract (including options, if exercised) unless the license specifies a longer period.

(5) License rights related to technical data described in, and granted to the U.S. Government under clause *Technical Data and Computer Software: Commercial Items*, shall apply to all such technical data associated with delivered computer software including, but not limited to, user's manuals, installation instructions, and operating instructions.

(6) Disputes arising between the Licensee and the U.S. Government pertaining to the provisions of the License shall be subject to the Contract Disputes Act. Furthermore, the jurisdiction and forum for disputes hereunder upon delivery to the U.S. Government shall be the Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals (ASBCA) or the U.S. Court of Federal Claims (COFC), as appropriate.

(7) By law, the U.S. Government cannot enter into any indemnification agreement where the Government's liability is indefinite, indeterminate, unlimited, and in violation of the Anti-Deficiency Act; therefore, any such indemnification provision in this License shall be void.

(8) In the event the Licensee files a claim with the U.S. Government on behalf of the Licensor and prevails in a dispute with the Government relating to that claim, the Licensor agrees that damages and remedies awarded shall exclude attorney's fees.

(9) Subject to the security requirements set forth in this contract, and upon receiving written consent by the U.S. Government, the Licensor may be permitted to enter Government installations for purposes such as software usage audits or other forms of inspection.

(10) The items provided hereunder may be installed and used at any U.S. Government installation worldwide at which [TBD] equipment and/or software is located consistent with the provisions of the contract between the U.S. Government and the Licensee.

(11) Under no circumstances shall terms of the License or any modifications thereto renew automatically so as to obligate funds in advance of funds being appropriated in contravention of the Anti-Deficiency Act.

(12) The Licensor shall comply with, and all delivered items shall conform to, all applicable Government security/ classification rules and regulations applicable to this agreement, in particular those set forth in the applicable DD Form 254 (Department of Defense Contract Security Classification Specification).

(13) The Licensor understands that the ultimate purpose of the Licensee entering into this License with the Licensor is for the Licensor to supply to the U.S. Government a critical component of a weapons system whose continued sustainment is mandated by Federal law (10 U.S.C. § 2281, 42 U.S.C. § 14712). Accordingly, should the U.S. Government use, release or disclose the items described in this License in a manner inconsistent with the terms of this License, the U.S. Government shall not be required to de-install and stop using those items or return such items to the Licensee, and the Licensor's remedy will be limited to monetary damages.

(14) In the event of inconsistencies between the License and Federal law, Federal law shall apply.

(15) The Government shall not be required to comply with the terms and conditions of any License that is inconsistent with any applicable laws, regulations, or policies pursuant to export controlled items.

(16) Any claim the Licensee files with the U.S. Government on behalf of the Licensor, and any claim the U.S. Government files with the Licensor, shall be submitted within the period specified in FAR §52.233-01 ("Disputes").

(b) Subcontractor Flow-down. The contractor ("Licensee") shall include the following clause in any agreement between it and its subcontractors ("Licensors") that require the delivery of commercial item technical data, computer software, or computer software documentation, and this clause shall be in effect during the period of performance of this contract or into perpetuity for perpetual licenses:

This Addendum is entered into between _____ ("Licensee") and _____ ("Licensor") and relates to the commercial item technical data, computer software, or computer software documentation ("Items") licensed to the Licensee by the Licensor through the Licensee's License Agreement ("Agreement"), and this Addendum is incorporated by reference into the Agreement. The Addendum terms will come into effect if and when the Agreement is transferred to the Government. All references to such Items shall include all software updates (e.g., software maintenance patches, version changes, new releases) and future substitutions made by the Licensor. Upon delivery of that/those Items, Licensor and Licensee agree that the following provisions in this Addendum shall take precedence over conflicting provisions, if any, in the Agreement notwithstanding any provisions in the Agreement to the contrary:

(1) License rights related to technical data granted to the U.S. Government under clause *Technical Data and Computer Software: Commercial Items*, paragraph (b)(1) shall apply to all technical data associated with delivered computer software including, but not limited to, user's manuals, installation instructions, and operating instructions.

(2) Disputes arising between the Licensee and the U.S. Government pertaining to the provisions of the Agreement shall be subject to the Contract Disputes Act. Furthermore, the jurisdiction and forum for disputes hereunder upon delivery to the U.S. Government shall be the Armed Services Board of Contract Appeals (ASBCA) or the U.S. Court of Federal Claims (COFC), as appropriate.

(3) By law, the U.S. Government cannot enter into any indemnification agreement where the Government's liability is indefinite, indeterminate, unlimited, and in violation of the Anti-Deficiency Act; therefore, any such indemnification provision in this Agreement shall be void.

(4) In the event the Licensee files a claim with the U.S. Government on behalf of the Licensor and prevails in a dispute with the Government relating to that claim, the Licensor agrees that damages and remedies awarded shall exclude attorney's fees.

(5) Upon receiving written consent by the U.S. Government, the Licensor may be permitted to enter Government installations for purposes such as software usage audits or other forms of inspection.

(6) The Items provided hereunder may be installed and used at any U.S. Government installation worldwide consistent with the provisions of the contract between the U.S. Government and the Licensee (e.g., limitations on number of executing instances of software, number of users, other processing volume limitations).

(7) Under no circumstances shall terms of the Agreement or any modifications thereto renew automatically so as to obligate funds in advance of funds being appropriated in contravention of the Anti-Deficiency Act.

(8) Licensor shall comply with, and all delivered Items shall conform to, all applicable Government security/ classification rules and regulations applicable to this Agreement, in particular those set forth in the applicable DD Form 254 (Department of Defense, Contract Security Classification Specification).

(9) Licensor understands that the ultimate purpose of the Licensee entering into this Agreement with the Licensor is for the Licensor to supply to the U.S. Government a critical component of a weapons system whose continued sustainment is mandated by Federal law (10 U.S.C. § 2281, 42 U.S.C. § 14712). Accordingly, should the U.S. Government use, release, or disclose the Items described in this Agreement in a manner inconsistent with the terms of this Agreement, the U.S. Government shall not be required to uninstall and stop using those Items or return such Items to the Licensee.

(10) In the event of inconsistencies between the Agreement and Federal law, Federal law shall apply.

18. DEFERRED DELIVERY OF TECHNICAL DATA OR COMPUTER SOFTWARE (MAY 2005)

The Government may identify technical data or computer software (as defined in clause *Technical Data and Computer Software: Commercial Items* or *Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software: Noncommercial Items*) for deferred delivery at any time during contract performance by listing such technical data or computer software in an attachment to this contract titled "Deferred Delivery." The Government may require delivery of the items identified for deferred delivery up to three (3) years after either acceptance of all deliverables or contract termination, whichever is later. This clause will be flowed down to all subcontractors.

19. DEFERRED ORDERING OF TECHNICAL DATA OR COMPUTER SOFTWARE (SEP 2013)

(a) The Government may defer ordering technical data, computer software (as defined in clause as defined in clause *Technical Data and Computer Software: Commercial Items* or *Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software: Noncommercial Items*), or other information not easily categorized (as defined in clause *Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software: Noncommercial Items* paragraph (d) and mutually agreed to by the contractual parties) that is generated during the performance of this contract for a period of up to three (3) years after either acceptance of all deliverables or contract termination, whichever is later.

(b) The categories of technical data, computer software, and other information not easily categorized that is subject to deferred ordering under this clause may be:

(1) Incorporated into the contract in the Contract Data Requirements List item that describes the Data Accession List attached to the contract; or

(2) Identified by the Government via a process agreed to by the parties and incorporated as an attachment to the contract in Section J prior to contract award.

(c) When the technical data, computer software, or other information not easily categorized is ordered, the contractor shall be reasonably compensated for converting the data or computer software into the prescribed form, for reproduction, and for delivery.

(d) The Government's rights to use said technical data and computer software shall be pursuant to the *Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software* clause(s) of this contract (*Technical Data and Computer Software: Commercial Items* or *Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software: Noncommercial Items*).

(e) This clause shall be flowed down to all subcontractors.

20. TECHNICAL DATA AND COMPUTER SOFTWARE: WITHHOLDING OF PAYMENT (NOV 2007)

(a) If technical data and computer software (as defined in clause *Rights in Technical Data and Computer Software: Noncommercial Items*) specified to be delivered under this contract are not delivered within the time specified by this contract, or are deficient upon delivery (including having unauthorized restrictive markings), the Contracting Officer shall, until such data and computer software are accepted by the Government, withhold all subsequent payments to the

contractor until a reserve is established totaling 3 percent of the total contract price or \$5 million, whichever is less. Payments shall not be withheld nor any other action taken pursuant to this paragraph when the Contracting Officer determines that the contractor's failure to make timely delivery or to deliver the technical data or computer software without deficiencies arises out of causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the contractor.

(b) The withholding of any amount or subsequent payment to the contractor shall not be construed as a waiver of any rights accruing to the Government under this contract. Use of this clause constitutes a determination by the Contracting Officer that the limitation established by FAR Clause 52.232-9, *Limitation on Withholding of Payments*, shall not apply to the amount withheld under this clause.

21. GOVERNMENT RIGHTS (UNLIMITED) (JAN 2004)

(a) The Government shall have unlimited rights in all drawings, designs, specifications, notes and other works developed in the performance of this contract, including the right to use same on any other Government design or construction without additional compensation to the contractor. The contractor hereby grants to the Government a paid-up license throughout the world to all such works to which he may assert or establish any claim under design patent or copyright laws. The contractor for a period of three (3) years after completion of the project agrees to furnish the original or copies of all such works on the request of the Contracting Officer.

(b) This clause applies to all subcontractors at all levels.

22. DRAWINGS AND OTHER DATA TO BECOME PROPERTY OF GOVERNMENT (JAN 2004)

All designs, drawings, specifications, notes, shop drawings, and other works developed in the performance of this contract shall become the sole property of the Government and may be used on any other design or construction without additional compensation to the contractor. This includes all subcontractor drawings and other data at any level. The drawings and other data include, but are not limited to, proposed fabrication and assembly of structural or architectural elements and the installation (form, fit, and attachment details) of materials, components, or equipment. The Government shall be considered the "person for whom the work was prepared" for the purpose of authorship in any copyrightable work under 17 U.S.C. 201(b). With respect thereto, the contractor agrees not to assert or authorize others to assert any rights nor establish any claim under the design patent or copyright laws. The Government may duplicate, use, modify, and disclose in any manner and for any purpose the drawings and other data created or delivered under this contract. The contractor for a period of three (3) years after completion of the project agrees to furnish all retained works on the request of the Contracting Officer. Unless otherwise provided in this contract, the contractor shall have the right to retain copies of all works beyond such period.

23. DATA REQUIREMENTS (FEB 2011)

The contractor is required to deliver the data items listed on the Contract Data Requirements List, data items identified in and deliverable under any contract clause of FAR Part 52 and NAM Part N52 made a part of this contract, and other data as may be specified in the Statement of Work, Statement of Objectives, Specification(s), or elsewhere in this contract.

24. PRE-AWARD AND POST-AWARD IDENTIFICATION AND ASSERTION OF RESTRICTIONS ON TECHNICAL DATA PERTAINING TO A COMMERCIAL ITEM AND COMMERCIAL COMPUTER SOFTWARE (OCT 2015)

(a) The terms used in this clause are defined in NAM Part 27.

(b) Identification and Assertion of Restrictions. The offeror shall not deliver or otherwise provide to the Government any commercial technical data or commercial computer software with restrictive markings (or otherwise subject to restrictions on access, use, modification, reproduction, release, performance, display, or disclosure) unless the commercial technical data or commercial computer software are identified in accordance with the following requirements:

(1) Pre-Award. The offeror (including its subcontractors or suppliers, or potential subcontractors or suppliers, at any tier) shall identify all commercial technical data and commercial computer software that it proposes will be delivered or otherwise provided (including all option CLINs, if exercised) with less than Unlimited Rights, to the extent known at the time an offer is submitted to the Government:

(i) The offeror shall also identify and assert any restrictions for all commercial computer software, including open source software, and commercial technical data (i.e., technical data pertaining to a commercial item) using the format provided in paragraph (e) below.

(ii) An offeror's failure to submit, adequately complete, or sign the notification and identification required by paragraph (e) of this clause with its offer will constitute a minor informality. If assertions are required and the offeror does not correct such informality within the time prescribed by the Contracting Officer, the offer may be ineligible for award.

(iii) If the offeror is awarded a contract, the assertions identified in this clause shall be listed in an attachment to that contract. Upon request by the Contracting Officer, the offeror shall provide sufficient information to enable the Contracting Officer to evaluate any listed assertion. Updates to the Commercial Assertions List shall be included in an amended attachment.

(2) Post-Award. In addition to the pre-award assertions made in the attachment pursuant to paragraph (b)(1)(iii), other assertions on technical data pertaining to a commercial item and commercial computer software may be identified after award when based on new information or inadvertent omissions, unless the inadvertent omissions would have materially affected the source selection decision. Such identifications and assertions shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer as soon as practicable prior to the scheduled date for delivery of the technical data/computer software, following the same requirements and using the same table format for pre-award assertions found in paragraph (e), and signed by an official authorized to contractually obligate the contractor.

(c) Copies of Commercial Licenses. The offeror shall provide copies of all commercial licenses to commercial technical data or commercial computer software which the offeror proposes to deliver, including third party licenses, and these shall be submitted as an attachment to its offer. The Government will review the licenses to ensure that the licenses terms are consistent with federal procurement law and meet the Government's end user needs. All such commercial licenses will be made part of an attachment to the contract at award. If the offeror intends to deliver commercial technical data under the terms of clause *Technical Data and Computer Software: Commercial Items*, instead of its own commercial license, the offeror shall list clause *Technical Data and Computer Software: Commercial Items* in the table at paragraph (e) below.

(1) Typical licensing terms that are inconsistent with federal procurement law can include jurisdiction and venue (must be Federal law and venue), indemnification of vendor and automatic renewals (Anti-Deficiency Act violation), order of precedence (the contract takes precedence over license), dispute resolution (must be in accordance with Disputes clause in the contract), and injunctive relief (no injunctive relief against the Government is available, per 28 USC §1498(b)). This list is not all-inclusive, but is intended to convey the most common license terms that are problematic to the Government, and the must be resolved prior to award. See clause, *Commercial Technical Data and Computer Software Licensing - Order of Precedence*, for additional clarification.

(2) With respect to the Government program user needs for technical data and computer software delivered under this contract, the Government will need to distribute the commercial computer software and technical data outside of Government for any purpose where the Government is a party, but only under conditions that prohibit any further distribution by the third party recipient. To accomplish the distribution, the Government intends use non-disclosure agreements discussed in clauses *Protection of Information*, and *Support Contractor Corporate Non-Disclosure Agreement*. Additional non-disclosure agreements deemed necessary by the owner of the licensed technical data or computer software shall be submitted to the Contracting Officer for review prior to execution.

(3) If the offeror intends to use third party commercial technical data or commercial computer software in the performance of the contract, and then deliver the commercial technical data or computer software to the Government at the conclusion of the contract, the offeror should list such commercial technical data or computer software in the table at paragraph (e). The offeror shall also ensure that the applicable license is transferable to the Government. The Government criteria for software license review will be the same for third party vendors as for the offeror's commercial computer software as described in paragraph (c)(1) and (c)(2) of this clause once the Government becomes the end user. The offeror should accomplish the actions in the paragraph prior to award of the contract.

(d) Use of Open Source Software (OSS) Without Delivery. The Government treats OSS as a category of commercial computer software. If the contractor proposes to deliver OSS while performing under the contract, the contractor shall follow the same rules as prescribed in this clause as for commercial computer software. Additionally, if the contractor proposes to use, but not deliver, commercial computer software (including OSS), the contractor must ensure that such use does not: (i) create, or purport to create, any Government distribution obligations with respect to the computer software

deliverables; or (ii) grant, or purport to grant, to any third party any rights to or immunities under Government intellectual property or Government data rights to the Government computer software deliverables.

(e) Table Format for Identification and Assertion of Restrictions. Commercial technical data and commercial computer software restrictions shall be identified as follows:

Identification of Commercial Technical Data/Computer Software (Including Open Source Software) Use and Modifications (Commercial Assertions List)

Commercial Technical Data/ Computer Software Title, Version #, and License*	Technical Use/ Implementing Approach **	If OSS, Was OSS Modified by Contractor? ***	Name of Contractor Delivering Commercial Software****
---	---	---	---

* For commercial technical data (other than computer software documentation) pertaining to items, components, or processes developed at private expense, identify both the deliverable technical data and each such item, component, or process. For computer software or computer software documentation, identify the computer software or computer software documentation. The complete title and version number of the computer software should be listed. If OSS, list the license and version number. If a version number is not available, provide some other means of identification (e.g., checksum data) If commercial technical data is being delivered under the terms of clause *Technical Data and Computer Software: Commercial Items*, then clause *Technical Data and Computer Software: Commercial Items* should be listed. If the OSS was downloaded from a website, the website address should also be provided but an actual copy of the license shall still be provided as set forth in paragraph (d). Enter "None" if all commercial technical data or commercial computer software will be submitted without restrictions.

** The functionality of the commercial computer software should be described, as well as where it is being used within the larger computer software deliverable, if applicable.

*** If OSS is being used, the offeror should state whether it has modified the OSS or plans to do so.

**** Corporation, individual, or other person as appropriate.

Date: _____

Printed Name and Title: _____

Signature: _____

(End of identification and assertion)

25. Subcontract Reporting, Monitoring, Consent, and Notification (May 2019)

Seller shall submit reports to Buyer in support of paragraph (c), annually no later than April 15 each year and no later than 45 days after final close-out. Such reports shall include all lower tier subcontractors. In paragraph (e), Contracting Officer means Buyer. In paragraph (h), "Contracting Officer" means "Contracting Officer or Buyer." This clause does not apply to contracts with US-owned companies that provide only unclassified Commercial products and/or services on a fixed price basis.

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause:

Subcontract means any contract or contractual actions entered into by the prime contractor or subcontractor for the purpose of obtaining supplies, materials, equipment, or services of any kind under this contract. It includes but is not limited to purchase orders, and changes and modifications to purchase orders. For purposes of consent, the definition of subcontract in FAR 52.244-2 applies.

Subcontractor means any supplier, distributor, vendor, or firm that furnishes supplies, materials, equipment, or services of any kind under this contract or a subcontract entered into in connection with this contract, regardless of dollar value.

(b) Flow-Down. The requirements of this clause must be included in all first-tier subcontracts directly chargeable to the contract, except for subcontracts with US-owned companies to provide only unclassified commercial products and/or services on a fixed-price basis.

(c) Reporting. The prime contractor shall submit an annual report by 30 June each year providing the data specified below for all first- and second-tier subcontracts directly chargeable to a contract that were awarded and/or modified within the

previous twelve months. Individual fixed-price subcontracts under \$5,000 with US-owned companies to provide unclassified commercial products and/or services that will not be incorporated into a contract deliverable (e.g. office supplies, travel, postage) need not be reported. Reports will be submitted electronically through the FOCUS Web Portal on the Contractor Wide-Area Network (CWAN). Prime contractors without CWAN access will prepare their reports using the Excel Add-In Tool available on the Government Acquisition Research Center (ARC) website, and submit via email. Each subcontractor report must include the following information in the format specified in FOCUS and in the Excel Add-In Tool:

- Prime Contract Number or Task Order Number
- Subcontractor Tier
- Is the Subcontract Classified?
- Relationship between Prime Contractor and Subcontractor
- Subcontract Business Name
- Subcontractor Street Address
- Subcontractor City
- Subcontractor State
- Subcontractor Zip Code
- Subcontractor Country
- Subcontractor DUNS Number
- Subcontractor CAGE Code
- Subcontractor Business Type
- Is the subcontractor a woman-owned business?
- Is the subcontractor a veteran-owned business?
- Is the subcontractor a service-disabled veteran-owned business?
- Is the subcontractor a HUBZone Small Business?
- Subcontractor country of ownership
- DUNS Number of Company awarding subcontract
- Subcontractor's parent company business name
- subcontractor or purchase order number
- subcontractor value (cumulative to date)
- subcontractor period of performance – start date
- subcontractor period of performance – end date
- subcontractor period of performance – city
- subcontractor period of performance –state
- subcontractor period of performance –country
- brief description of subcontractor effort
- primary subcontractor type
- method used to select subcontractor (competitive or sole-source)

(d) Monitoring. The parties agree that the Government shall have the right to:

1. Review all documentation pertaining to source selections or other competitive sourcing activity, fact-finding, and negotiations session with or for subcontractors or potential subcontractors;
2. Observe any subcontractor test, verification, validation, shipment, or similar event;
3. Attend any subcontractor design review, milestone review, program review, or similar event. Unless expressly agreed to by the prime contractor and the Contracting Office, the Government will not require a subcontractor event to be rescheduled due to the Government's inability to attend.; and
4. Review and agree to the contractor's make-or-buy program when necessary to ensure negotiation of reasonable contract prices or satisfactory performance.

(e) Consent.

(1) All consents to subcontractor requirements in FAR Clause 52.244-2 apply to this contract. In addition, the contractor shall obtain the Contracting Officer's written consent before awarding any subcontractor with a value over \$50 million, or that exceeds \$3 million or five percent of prime contract's value, whichever is less, to a company listed on the Government's Subcontract Consent Registry.

(2) Requests for consent to subcontract shall be submitted in writing to the Contracting Officer, and provide, at a minimum, the information specified FAR 52.244-2(e)

(f) Notification. The prime contract shall provide written notification to the Contracting Officer and COTR when a subcontractor is expected to exceed negotiated costs baseline by 15 percent.

(g) Privity. Government collection of subcontractor information, surveillance of subcontractor performance, and consent to subcontract do not relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the effective management of all subcontracts and for the overall success of this contract. Actions taken under the authority of this clause do not establish privity of contract between the Government and subcontractors under this contract. The Government will not provide direction to or request actions by any subcontractor except through the prime. However, all subcontractors must respond to the direct request for information from the Government, either directly or through the prime.

(h) Security. The Government reserves the right to direct the removal of any subcontractor under this contract on the basis of Government security concerns. The contractor shall be responsible for lack of due diligence or negligence in the selection of the subcontractor, and will not be entitled to an equitable adjustment if the Contracting Office determines that the Government's need to remove the contractor for security reasons is the fault of the contractor or subcontractor.

26. NO CONTRACT ACCOUNTABLE GOVERNMENT PROPERTY (NOV 2017)

(a) This contract shall be performed and completed without any contract-accountable Government property. The contractor shall make no requests for Government property except when the Government may accrue significant tangible benefits by granting such a request. The contractor shall not accept, request, or pursue contract-accountable Government property from anyone other than the Contracting Officer.

(b) The contractor may use Government property in their possession but accountable to another Government or non-Government contract for the performance of this contract if approved in writing by the Contracting Officer of the accountable contract. Such use shall be on a rent-free basis, shall not interfere with performance of the accountable contract, and shall comply with the terms and conditions specified in that contract and in the accountable Contracting Officer's approval letter. This paragraph does not apply to Government-furnished material.

(c) If applicable, the Government Property List from the prime contract may identify Government-accountable (site) property available for the performance of this effort at Government facilities. While the Government retains ultimate accountability for such property, the contractor will be responsible for managing it in compliance with the Government Property Manual (GPM). The requirements in FAR 52.245-1 and *Contract-Accountable Government Property: Responsibilities, Use, Reporting, and Administration*, do not apply to the management of Government-accountable property.

27. PROHIBITION ON CONTRACTING FOR CERTAIN TELECOMMUNICATIONS AND VIDEO SURVEILLANCE SERVICES OR EQUIPMENT

Any notification or reporting required by the clause shall be submitted to Buyer.

a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

“Covered foreign country” means The People’s Republic of China.

“Covered telecommunications equipment or services” means–

- (1) Telecommunications equipment produced by Huawei Technologies Company or ZTE Corporation (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities);
- (2) For the purpose of public safety, security of Government facilities, physical security surveillance of critical infrastructure, and other national security purposes, video surveillance and telecommunications equipment produced by Hytera Communications Corporation, Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Company, or Dahua Technology Company (or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities);
- (3) Telecommunications or video surveillance services provided by such entities or using such equipment; or
- (4) Telecommunications or video surveillance equipment or services produced or provided by an entity that the Secretary of Defense, in consultation with the Director of National Intelligence or the Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, reasonably believes to be an entity owned or controlled by, or otherwise connected to, the government of a covered foreign country.

“Critical technology” means–

- (1) Defense articles or defense services included on the United States Munitions List set forth in the International Traffic in Arms Regulations under subchapter M of chapter I of title 22, Code of Federal Regulations
- (2) Items included on the Commerce Control List set forth in Supplement No. 1 to part 774 of the Export Administration Regulations under subchapter C of chapter VII of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, and controlled-
 - (i) Pursuant to multilateral regimes, including for reasons relating to national security, chemical and biological weapons proliferation, nuclear nonproliferation, or missile technology; or
 - (ii) For reasons relating to regional stability or surreptitious listening;
- (3) Specially designed and prepared nuclear equipment, parts and components, materials, software, and technology covered by part 810 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to assistance to foreign atomic energy activities);
- (4) Nuclear facilities, equipment, and material covered by part 110 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to export and import of nuclear equipment and material);
- (5) Select agents and toxins covered by part 331 of title 7, Code of Federal Regulations, part 121 of title 9 of such Code, or part 73 of title 42 of such Code; or
- (6) Emerging and foundational technologies controlled pursuant to section 1758 of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4817).

“Substantial or essential component” means any component necessary for the proper function or performance of a piece of equipment, system, or service.

(b) Prohibition. Section 889(a) (1) (A) of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019 (Pub. L. 115-232) prohibits the head of an executive agency on or after August 13, 2019, from procuring or obtaining, or extending or renewing a contract to procure or obtain, any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system. The Contractor is prohibited from providing to the Government or Buyer, any equipment, system, or service that uses covered telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, unless an exception at paragraph (c) of this clause applies or the covered telecommunication equipment or services are covered by a waiver described in Federal Acquisition Regulation 4.2104.

(c) Exceptions. This clause does not prohibit contractors from providing—

- (1) A service that connects to the facilities of a third-party, such as backhaul, roaming, or interconnection arrangements; or
- (2) Telecommunications equipment that cannot route or redirect user data traffic or permit visibility into any user

data or packets that such equipment transmits or otherwise handles.

(d) Reporting requirement.

(1) In the event the Contractor identifies covered telecommunications equipment or services used as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, during contract performance, or the Contractor is notified of such by a subcontractor at any tier or by any other source, the Contractor shall report the information in paragraph (d) (2) of this clause to the Contracting Officer. For indefinite delivery contracts, the Contractor shall report to the Contracting Officer for the indefinite delivery contract and the Contracting Officer(s) for any affected order.

(2) The Contractor shall report the following information pursuant to paragraph (d) (1) of this clause

(i) Within one business day from the date of such identification or notification: the contract number; the order number(s), if applicable; supplier name; supplier unique entity identifier (if known); supplier Commercial and Government Entity (CAGE) code (if known); brand; model number (original equipment manufacturer number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number); item description; and any readily available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended.

(ii) Within 10 business days of submitting the information in paragraph (d) (2) (i) of this clause: any further available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended. In addition, the Contractor shall describe the efforts it undertook to prevent use or submission of covered telecommunications equipment or services, and any additional efforts that will be incorporated to prevent future use or submission of covered telecommunications equipment or services.

(e) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (e), in all subcontracts and other contractual instruments, including subcontracts for the acquisition of commercial items.

28. DEFENSE PRIORITY AND ALLOCATION REQUIREMENTS

This is a *DX-A7* rated order certified for national defense use, and the contractor shall follow all the requirements of the Defense Priorities and Allocations System regulation (15 CFR 700).

29. FAR 52.236-2 DIFFERING SITE CONDITIONS (APR 1984)

(a) The Contractor shall promptly, and before the conditions are disturbed, give a written notice to the Contracting Officer, through Buyer, of (1) subsurface or latent physical conditions at the site which differ materially from those indicated in this contract, or (2) unknown physical conditions at the site, of an unusual nature, which differ materially from those ordinarily encountered and generally recognized as inhering in work of the character provided for in the contract.

(b) The Contracting Officer shall investigate the site conditions promptly after receiving the notice. If the conditions do materially so differ and cause an increase or decrease in the Contractor's cost of, or the time required for, performing any part of the work under this contract, whether or not changed as a result of the conditions, an equitable adjustment shall be made under this clause and the contract modified in writing accordingly.

(c) No request by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment to the contract under this clause shall be allowed, unless the Contractor has given the written notice required; provided, that the time prescribed in (a) above for giving written notice may be extended by the Contracting Officer.

(d) No request by the Contractor for an equitable adjustment to the contract for differing site conditions shall be allowed if made after final payment under this contract.

30. FAR 52.236-11 USE AND POSSESSION PRIOR TO COMPLETION (APR 1984)

(a) The Government shall have the right to take possession of or use any completed or partially completed part of the work. Before taking possession of or using any work, Buyer shall furnish the Contractor a list of items of work remaining to be performed or corrected on those portions of the work that the Government intends to take possession of or use. However, failure of Buyer to list any item of work shall not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for complying with the terms of the contract. The Government's possession or use shall not be deemed an acceptance of any work under the contract.

(b) While the Government has such possession or use, the Contractor shall be relieved of the responsibility for the loss of or damage to the work resulting from the Government's possession or use, notwithstanding the terms of the clause in this contract entitled Permits and Responsibilities. If prior possession or use by the Government delays the progress of the work or causes additional expense to the Contractor, an equitable adjustment shall be made in the contract price or the time of completion, and the contract shall be modified in writing accordingly.